

## The Butcher Boy Says:

"OUR MEATS are  
Appetite Builders...."

the more you eat the more you want.

Don't let your stomach get beyond control. Keep it in check. You will live longer. The only way to do this is to eat wholesome meats—our appetite builders.

Build up your appetite—likewise your system, and your lease of life. Try our "builders."

Phone No. 2.

## Milk's Market

F. H. Milks

## Historical Column

Conducted by Perry Ostrander, Grayling, Mich., to whom all communications should be addressed.

## Biography of W. C. Johnson.

William C. Johnson was born in Jefferson county, New York, Dec. 21, 1838 and was the son of Rufus and Jane (Phillips) Johnson, who were natives of the Empire state and were of Holland descent. In the fall of 1856, the family moved to Michigan and settled in Hillsdale county, where the father officiated as a minister of the Wesleyan Methodist church. From there he moved to St. Joseph county, where he also was engaged in preaching until his death. The years of the youth and early manhood of our subject was passed in the state of New York, from whence he accompanied the family to Michigan, and for some years was employed as a farm laborer. In 1860 he was married to Sally A. Phillips and settled in Roscom, Hillsdale county, living on a farm until 1866, when he moved to Shiawassee county and purchased a farm, giving his entire attention to tilling the soil. From there he came to Grayling, Crawford county, in 1880, purchasing the SW 1/4 of Section 32, where he made improvements and erected suitable buildings and engaged in farming until 1889, when he had the misfortune to lose his right arm. In 1892 he was elected Probate judge of Crawford county and in 1903 he commenced business in a grocery store in Pere Chevey, Crawford county, and was postmaster until his death, which occurred on March 30, 1912. His wife survived him ten months, dying on Jan. 31, 1913. In Crawford county he held the offices of Judge of Probate, Township clerk, supervisor and Justice of the Peace. This union was childless, but they took into their home and reared four children. In the life of Judge Johnson, we find an excellent example for young men just entering into active life, showing what can be accomplished by

one beginning poor but honest, prudent and industrious. In early life he enjoyed but few advantages, with but limited schooling, nor had he wealth or position to assist him, but relying solely upon his own efforts to win him success and by observing that all-important factor in business, honesty, he became a very successful officer. As Judge of Probate, he was careful, impartial and conscientious in all matters connected with the office. He was a good neighbor and a loyal citizen.

## From Bay City Times.

A series of ball games with all the rivalry which can exist only between two small towns will be staged at Grayling on September 5, 6, and 7 between the Grayling and Otsego teams. The event is being looked forward to with great expectancy by both of the rival towns and it is whispered that there will be considerable "loose change" available for the backers of both teams.

Henry Stephens of Waters, the well known multi-millionaire lumberman, who is backing the Otsego, yesterday sent a letter to Director F. G. Walton of the 33rd Regiment band, which contained a check to defray expenses of the band and pay the members to "boost the Otsego" at Grayling on Sunday, September 6. The Grayling team is managed by Hanson of Grayling.

A special excursion train will leave Bay City for Grayling on September 6. The train will leave here at 7:40 in the morning and returning will leave Grayling at 6:30 o'clock. A large crowd is expected to go from Bay City and points along the Michigan Central.

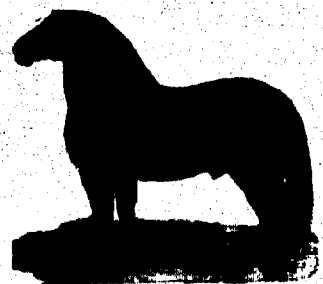
## Don't Know They Have Appendicitis.

Many Grayling people have chronic appendicitis (which is not very painful) and think it is just bowel or stomach trouble. Some have doctor for years for gas on the stomach, sour stomach or constipation and A. M. Lewis states if they will try simple buckthorn bark, glycerine, etc., as compounded in Adler's, the German appendicitis remedy, they will be surprised at the quick benefit. A single dose stops these troubles instantly.

## LIVERY &amp; SALES STABLES

Prompt livery service ready at any time. Also heavy work.

Farms and farm lands and village property for sale.



N. P. OLSON Grayling  
Langevin's Old Stand.

## ALWAYS DEMAND

## CONNOR'S WORLD'S BEST ICE CREAM

Made under modern and sanitary conditions. Healthful and refreshing

Sold exclusively by O. Sorenson & Son

TROOPS MAKE  
GOOD RECORDDETROIT COMPANIES CONTAIN  
GOOD MARKSMEN.Storm Gives Soldiers a Taste of  
Night Work.

Excellent maneuvering marked the first attempt of the Detroit militiamen on the new play battlefield at Camp Ferris.

Companies A and B of the first regiment took the field Sunday morning in field practice. Although the Detroit contingent was hardly settled Saturday night, the companies turned out early in the day for duty. Under the direction of Lieutenant Colonel John Bersey and Captain Foster, the company commanders led their detachments in skirmish order until scouts informed them that the enemy could be seen. Then a battle line was formed at a range of about 500 yards from the target enemy.

There were 37 targets, each representing a man. Company B scored 15 per cent in hits. The detachment fired 400 rounds and sixty hits were found on the targets. Company A scored 10.02 per cent, making 41 hits out of 410 rounds that were fired.

These records are considered good by the commanders. The other companies will have a chance at this work during the week.

STORM MAKES NIGHT WORK  
Wind made Saturday night rather unpleasant for the inexperienced campaigners. It blew a gale all night and several tents were blown over, necessitating a little midnight labor. Several of the supply tents at regimental headquarters were also put out of trim.

The ambulance company was forced to pitch its own quarters, and so took part in no drills Sunday. It will be used with the regiment on the larger maneuvers later in the week.

ARTILLERY IN CAMP WITH INFANTRY.  
Major Roy Vandercook, accompanied by Major Phillips and the staff of the two batteries in camp, went afield Sunday afternoon to select sites for the artillery target practice. The officers were given special orders to note the topography of the country, as the commander intends some extensive field operations.

If the First infantry expects to do things to the Third in the field firing problem at Camp Ferris this week, it will have to go some. Tabulated reports of the Third's performances show that the northern regiment has trimmed the Second by a wide margin.

The Third has first place on both number and percentage of hits; first in regimental average; and takes third place with number and percentage of hits. M company of Kalamazoo is the Second infantry organization to capture second place on number and percentage of hits, the Celery City men puncturing the targets 98 times.

## Program.

TUESDAY.  
After Kl. 7:30—Foredrag af Valdemar Jensen, Mandates.

WEDNESDAY.  
Formiddag Kl. 9:00—Aablingsmøde. Pastor Kjøhede taler.

Eftermiddag Kl. 2:00—Forretningsmøde.

Aften Kl. 7:30—Musik af Clark's Orkester. (Musikpavillonen) Kl. 8:30—Aftenunderholdning.

THURSDAY.  
Formiddag Kl. 9:00—Forretningsmøde.

Eftermiddag Kl. 2:00—Automobiludflugt til Soldaterlejren.

Aften Kl. 7:30—Foredrag af H. Begtrup, fra Danmark.

FRIDAY.  
Formiddag Kl. 10:00—Gudstjeneste med Altergang. (Peter Rasmussen tjener ved Alterbordet og A. V. Andersen prediker.)

Eftermiddag Kl. 1:30—Udflugt til "Løken" med Byens Musikkorps i Spidsen.

(Alle Danske kan komme med naar de indmelder dem til Jens Sorenson inden Fredag.)

Aften Kl. 8:00—Foredrag af Peter Rasmussen, Grant.

Slutningsmøde.

Letter from Chas. E. Marvin  
Pasco, Wash., Aug. 20, 1914.

Editor Avalanche,  
Grayling, Mich.

Dear Sir,  
I notice by the wrapper on my paper that my subscription expires with this issue and therefore am inclosing P. O. order for \$1.50 for another year.

We are enjoying good health as are also father and mother Havens (Mr. and Mrs. Wright Havens, formerly of Grayling.)

Respy Yours,  
CHAS. E. MARVIN,  
Pasco, Wash.

How to Cure a Sprain.  
A sprain may be cured in about one-third the time required by the usual treatment by applying Chamberlain's Liniment and observing the directions with each bottle. For sale by all dealers.

## BASE BALL

## Saginaw vs. Grayling

The American Cash Register ball team came to Grayling Saturday and Sunday and played the locals two games of ball with a victory of both games for the locals. This team, which is the best one in Saginaw, were on a trip, having been at Grayling for two games before they came here. They were a clean bunch of ball players and played the very best brand of base ball both days.

The first game on Saturday was an easy victory for the locals, and during the nine frames they were able to annex a total of 15 runs, while the visitors were only able to score a total of two. The game started at 3:30, when Krause called "play ball," although there were not over seven fans in the stand to help support the locals. Goode took the stand for the locals and had all the stuff that makes a man a real ball player, and at all stages of the game he had the visiting batters swinging at the air or else hitting easy grounders into the infield. He never looked better in all his life and with the best of support would have had a shut out. Rice, the 16 year old boy who has twice defeated the locals this year, took a third try at the same game but much to his sorrow was pounded from the box in the third, after the locals had made a total of 8 runs. Benedict then took the hill and all he had was a prayer and a slow ball and after the locals had pounded his breakers to all the corners of the lot, he retired in favor of Goodrow, who pitched good ball for one inning.

Grayling was the first to score when they rang up three in the first frame in a half dozen hits mixed up with a few errors and several wild pitches. In the second they again tallied a total of three and in the third came two more, and here Mr. Rice made his exit and a Mr. Benedict took the stage, but in the next inning the locals took to his breaks and added two more runs. This ended their scoring until the last inning, when they got busy with their willows and added five more. The visitors scored in each one of the fourth and eighth innings, but these runs both came on errors by the local talent, merely for gifts.

Saginaw: AB R H O A E  
Dendelevitz 3rd, 5 1 2 1 2 2  
Goudrow 3rd, 4 0 1 0 2 0  
Rice c, 3 0 2 1 1 1  
Osterbeck 2nd-1st, 3 0 1 5 3 1  
Krause m, 4 1 1 3 1 1  
Caughlin 1st-s, 3 0 0 11 0 1  
Kock l, 4 0 0 4 0 1  
Williams r, 1 0 0 0 0 0  
Miller r, 2 0 0 2 0 0  
Hickey r, 1 0 0 0 0 0  
Rice p, 1 0 0 0 2 0  
Benedict p, 2 0 0 0 2 0  
Total, 34 2 7 24 15 7

Grayling: AB R H O A E  
Hodge r, 3 2 1 2 1 0  
Johnson 1st, 3 1 1 8 0 0  
Creesh c, 3 3 2 10 0 1  
Funk 3rd, 5 3 3 3 3 1  
Haire l, 4 1 1 0 0 0  
Letzkus m, 5 2 2 1 0 0  
Toranzo 2nd, 4 1 2 1 1 0  
Williams s-s, 4 1 0 1 0 0  
Goode p, 5 1 2 1 3 0  
Total, 36 15 14 27 8 2

Stolen bases: Johnson, Creesh, Letzkus 2, Goode.

Two base hits: Funk, Toranzo, Rice. Three base hits: Rice.

Struck out: Goode 10, Goudrow 1. Base on balls: Goode 2, Rice 3, Benedict 3.

Sacrifice hits: Johnson.

NOTES OF SATURDAY'S GAME.  
Goode made a fine stop in the first inning on a line drive.

Rice made a two base hit and also a triple.

Creesh didn't have a stolen base Saturday.

The run in the sixth came when Creesh hit Kraus in the back with the ball.

Who said Grayling could not hit the ball?

37 people at the game by actual count.

They kicked when Creesh went to bat with the log he carried down from T'own; they wanted him to get a board.

A medal for the base ball bug over back of first base. Information will be appreciated.

The game on Sunday came as a surprise to the few fans who had the courage to come out to the game, when the locals were only able to win in the last inning by the score of 7 to 6.

It was a good game all the way and it brought out all the base ball talent the locals could muster up to win the game. In the first two innings the visitors annexed six runs off our Mr. Spencer and the game looked very bad for the locals, but they were game and fought back the odds a bit to a time until in the seventh they had evened up the score, and here began the real ball game, but after they had both battled the rest of the two remaining innings and the locals came up for their last chance with the same even score. but this was the lucky ninth and they gathered in the winning run on a base

Continued on last page



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your clothes money

Buy Kampus Klothes  
\$10.00 to \$25.00

Whatever the price you decide to pay, we believe we can show you the top notch of lasting worth and shapeliness in KAMPUS KLOTHES—Let us prove it.

AT \$15.00

Smart two and three button Sack Model Suits, including fancy worsteds, chevots and serges, strictly all wool fabrics. Price \$15.00

AT \$18.00

English Suits with soft rolled lapels, patch pockets; also American styles. Fancy worsteds and cassimeres. Price \$18.00

CLOTHES PAR EXCELLENCE AT \$20.00

EMIL KRAUS

GRAYLING'S LEADING  
DRY GOODS STORE

New Russel  
Hotel  
Under New Management.

Everything conducive  
to the comfort of  
its patrons.

Your patronage solicited.

Rates: \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day

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Proprietor

Reduce the  
Cost  
of Living!

By trading at the store of pure groceries and small profits. We offer you the best the market supplies—the only kind we buy—the groceries that last longest and furnish the most nutriment.

Our usual close margin of prices prevails.

Phone No. 25. Promptly Delivered.

H. PETERSEN,  
Your Grocer.

Buyers to Share in Profits  
Lower Prices on Ford Cars

Effective from August 1, 1914, to August 1, 1915, and guaranteed against any reduction during that time:

Touring Car - - - \$490  
Runabout - - - 440  
Town Car - - - 690

F. O. B. Detroit, all cars fully equipped  
(In the United States of America only)

Further, we will be able to obtain the maximum efficiency in our factory production, and the minimum cost in our purchasing and sales departments if we can reach an output of 300,000 cars between the above dates.

And should we reach this production, we agree to pay as the buyer's share from \$40 to \$60 per car (on or about August 1, 1915) to every retail buyer who purchases a new Ford car between August 1, 1914, and August 1, 1915.

For further particulars regarding these low prices and profit-sharing plan, see the nearest Ford Branch or Dealer.

Ford Motor Company

Geo. Burke, Agent for Crawford County, Frederic, Mich.



## TEACHERS EXEMPT FROM INCOME TAX

COLLECTOR AT DETROIT GETS RULING FROM DEPARTMENT.

### BRADY ESTABLISHES POINT

Instructors at U. of M., M. A. C. and Normal Schools Are Conceded to Be a Part of the Public School System.

Detroit.—Collector of Internal Revenue James J. Brady, after correspondence with the commissioner at Washington, in which he set forth all the circumstances in connection with the incomes of professors at the University of Michigan and similar educational institutions in the state, has finally received from the department a ruling to the effect that salaries paid to the professors are not returnable under the provisions of the income tax law.

The collector has had this matter up with the department for the last two months—since the ruling was first made—the department first ruling that because the university was under the control of the board of regents, a body that was held not to be a political subdivision or department of the state within the meaning of the income tax law, salaries paid under its direction were taxable.

Mr. Brady pointed out that the board of regents was an elective body, provided for by the constitution of Michigan, that as such it disbursed no funds except under the authority conferred by state law, and that the U. of M., the M. A. C. and the state normal schools were as much integral parts of the public school system as were grade and high schools.

### DULL TIME IN COPPER ZONE

War Causes Slow Up Which Will Be of Short Duration.

Calumet, Mich.—Because of restrictions caused in the export and foreign sales of finished copper product by the outbreak of the general European wars, a rather unusual depression has been occasioned in the Michigan copper country, a district which rarely feels panics, wars of rumors of war. Consequently the copper mining companies are all retrenching and thousands of men have been thrown out of work temporarily or have been put upon half-time. The state of affairs will last, at its worst, but a short time, however.

Very shortly great supplies of copper must be had in Europe in the manufacture of munitions of war. Shells, bullets, big guns, armor, and much other war material now in use in nearly every country on the continent take a large percentage of copper. As quickly as meant for shipping and delivering the metal can be found shipments must go forward again and the demand for copper metal must become so great that old "war-time" prices must rule.

### TWO KILLED—TWO INJURED

Grand Trunk Train Strikes Auto on Crossing Near Pontiac.

Pontiac, Mich.—Two people were killed and two seriously injured Saturday morning at 9 o'clock five miles west of the city when an auto ran on the track in front of train No. 53 of the Grand Trunk westbound.

The dead are: Ervin Erwin Warren, 34, Springfield township.

Zelma Pearson, 10, Toledo.

Abraham D. Perry, 50, Groveland legs severed and Mrs. Perry his wife was also seriously injured.

The party was motoring to this city and the Pearsons left for a ride just a few rods from where the accident occurred. Perry drove the machine on the track being unable to see the approaching train.

#### The Apple Crop.

An apple crop of 210,000 bushels is forecast by the department of agriculture which bases its estimate on its latest reports. That is about 65,000,000 bushels more than last year, but 25,000,000 bushels less than in 1912, and about 4,000,000 bushels less than in 1911. The mean price to producers in the three months of heavy marketing, September, October and November, last year, was \$5.5 cents a bushel; in 1912 it was 62.3 cents, and in 1911 it was 69.7 cents. The forecast in bushels by states places Michigan crop at 13,000.

### MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

While fishing in Barren lake, near Dowagiac, George Addeberger, 68, a South Bend carpenter, was drowned when his boat capsized.

William J. Mickel, deputy state dairy and food inspector, had a narrow escape from death Friday when a cleverly constructed bomb was delivered to his office. The device came by parcel post, was loaded with giant powder and contained several large detonation caps.

Prof. M. M. McCool, formerly head of the soils department in the Oregon Agricultural college, has been named as professor of soils at M. A. C. to fill the position vacated a year ago by the resignation of Prof. J. A. Jeffrey.

Axel Christofferson, a 14-year-old son of N. Christofferson, of Pere Marquette township, drowned Wednesday while bathing in Lake Michigan, about two miles south of Ludington. The boy, with companions, went beyond his depth and is supposed to have been caught by the undertow.

## MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFS

Clark Varnum, 67, former grand commander of the grand commandery Knights Templars, of Iowa, is dead at Hart, Mich.

The 2-year-old son of Robert Finn, a farmer, six miles southeast of Moroni, was drowned in a stock tank near his father's barn.

Charles Alcott, a farmer of Ogden, was killed when his automobile went over an embankment, but two little children with him at the time escaped unhurt.

Juanita Johnson, two years old, fell into the Flint river, which runs near the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnson, of Lapeer, and was drowned.

Jammed between a concrete wall and a heavy wheel, which toppled while being moved, Peter Maslak, aged 20, was instantly killed at the Menominee paper mill.

Henry Passolt, 77 years old, a pioneer soap manufacturer, of Saginaw, got up from the supper table, fell backward through a doorway into the cellar, breaking his neck.

The John W. Ladd Co., of Saginaw, Mich., manufacturers and jobbers of dairy and creamery supplies, has purchased a factory site and will move its headquarters to Detroit.

The board of state auditors has authorized the expenditure of \$1,087 by the Michigan school for the deaf at Flint to complete repairs on Brown hall, damaged by fire last winter.

James Conley, an aged New Lothrop farmer, whose wife attempted to have him committed to an asylum, has been declared sane by physicians. Two daughters and a son took him home.

The death of Bradley Waterman, aged 87, a civil war veteran, severed Albion's oldest married couple. Mr. and Mrs. Waterman having recently celebrated their sixty-third wedding anniversary.

Thousands of dollars worth of crops and property were destroyed in Sturgis and vicinity Sunday during a severe rain and wind storm. The hail was terrific, and windows in all parts of the city were broken.

Holmer Bohman, aged 19, son of Master Mechanic Charles Bohman, of the Powable mine at Iron Mountain, was electrocuted near the mine. He took hold of the guy wire that came in contact with a live one.

The big plant of the Eddy Paper Co. in Whate Pigeon was wrecked by a heavy wind storm Sunday afternoon. Had it been any day but Sunday it is likely that many men would have been killed or injured. Loss \$50,000.

John Hawkins, 45, of Saginaw, was burned about the face, hands and upper part of the body when he attempted to rescue two mules from a burning building. He got one out, but the other proved obstinate and Hawkins nearly lost his life.

Because she was accused of theft from the Hancock home in which she was employed, Lempi Jarvis, 17, a domestic, took her life by drinking poison and then drowning Saturday night according to a note found on the bank of Portage lake, Sunday.

William Marvin, 73 years old, is in a Battle Creek hospital, where it is said that he will not recover, and his wife, 64 years old, is in a serious condition as a result of being struck by a Michigan Central train. The aged couple were in a hurry to get home and walked under the safety gates.

Announcement has been made of the resignation of Miss Alice Marsh, instructor of English in the Western State normal. She has been appointed to a similar position in the Eastern high school of Detroit. She is a graduate of the Detroit schools and was for many years a resident of that city.

With the price of sugar higher than in many years, indications are that the country's sugar beet crop this year will be the smallest since 1910. A forecast of 4,225,000 tons was announced by the department of agriculture. Last year the production was 5,559,000 tons; in 1912, 5,224,000 tons, and in 1911, 5,062,000 tons.

Dr. Claude A. Burrett, since the resignation of Dr. Dean T. Smith, professor of surgery in the homeopathic medical college of the University of Michigan, will tender his resignation to the regents to accept a position as head of the proposed homeopathic college to be established at the Ohio State university at Columbus.

Mrs. S. E. Baldwin, who operates, with her husband, a ferry to North Muskegon from the Muskegon city wharf, saved the life of William Jackman when he fell off the boat landing. Jackman, unable to swim, was sinking for the last time, when Mrs. Baldwin leaped in and pulled him ashore. Mr. and Mrs. Baldwin have saved nine lives at the city wharf in the last two years.

At a joint meeting of the Michigan Historical commission and the Michigan Pioneer and Historical society, it was arranged to send a delegate to each county pioneer meeting possible. Mrs. M. B. Ferrey was named as such delegate.

After bids and counter bids have been made for six months for the plant of the defunct Michigan Buggy Co., it was announced Monday that former mayor, Charles B. Hays, had been the successful bidder and that his offer of \$45,000 had been accepted by the federal court.

Riding along in a M. U. T. Interurban car from Kalamazoo to Battle Creek, Mrs. Seymour Johnson, of Grand Rapids, was struck by a 22-caliber bullet, fired by a boy at a bird. The wound is not serious.

Stopping in the midst of his sermon Sunday, Rev. J. H. Hewett, pastor of the West Oshtemo Free Baptist church at Kalamazoo led his congregation to a nearby residence, which was on fire. Forming a bucket brigade they put out the fire and then returned to the church, where the interrupted services were resumed.

## KIT INSPECTION OF BRITISH NAVAL VOLUNTEERS



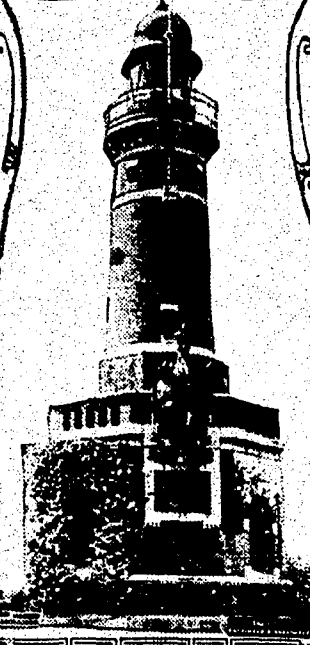
Last inspection at the headquarters of the Royal Naval Volunteer reserves the day they were mobilized in consequence of the king's proclamation.

## TREAT FOR BRITISH TROOPS ON THE MARCH



Country women giving apples to British soldiers who are marching to the front. At the right a British blue jacket kissing his child good-by at Waterloo station.

## KIEL HARBOR LIGHTHOUSE



The extinguishing of this light might enable the German fleet to slip by the British fleet, which is supposed to have been waiting to engage the enemy outside of Kiel harbor.

## SERBIAN RED CROSS NURSE



Serbian women from all walks of life have joined the Red Cross.

## CHILE FURNISHES WORLD'S HIGH EXPLOSIVES

A curious fact bearing on the present European war, says the Kansas City Star, is that the source of practically all of the gunpowder and other explosives used in the military operations is found to be in one of the most peaceable countries in the world—Chile, whose wealth of nitrate of soda furnishes an element of explosive to every other country in the world. In times of peace Chile prepares war supplies for other countries. And more than

supply equal to that in other fields. The nitrate of soda produces nitric acid by an easy process, and the acid is necessary to the manufacture of nitroglycerin, dynamite, smokeless powder, and so far no efficient, quick explosive has been found practicable that does not contain that product. The revenue derived from export duty of the nitrate product of Chile would give \$10 annually to each inhabitant if divided, and the demand for the European war is expected to raise it to almost double that figure.

## GERMAN WAR BOOK IS AID TO FOES

Take Advantage of Bernhardi's Strategy Treatise.

### WATCH OUTFLANKING MOVES

Teutonic Principle Is to Attack All the Time With Superior Force and "Overlap"—Stories of Refugees.

London.—There is the best reason for believing that the Anglo-Franco-Belgian armies will take full advantage of the candid exposition of German military strategy contained in the book written by General Bernhardi of Berlin, writes Edward P. Bell to the Chicago News. The German principle, according to this authority, is to attack all the time in superior strength and always to "overlap." In other words, the Germans, said General Bernhardi, when the war with France came, would hurl themselves with irresistible force against certain points in the French line of defense and at the same time outflank the enemy on the north and south.

Allies Watch Flank Moves. The allies are especially vigilant in watching for these outflanking or enveloping movements. They have every confidence that their center of defense is proof against any assault however formidable. The allies expect to stand firm against the invaders, permitting them to break wave on wave against the line of forts, guns, rifles and mountains until they are seriously shattered and wasted and until the Russians demand attention on the east.

Then the defensive armies expect to issue from their trenches, earthworks and mountain covers and take the offensive. The object of this offensive will be to seize sufficient territory to compel the Germans, hard pressed as they are expected to be by the Russians, to conclude a peace which will be regarded by the democratic nations as safeguarding Europe from the perils

most of us had to rent the cheapest kind of rooms and buy food in the shops, thus living on a few cents a day. The Germans seized Verrier, suppressed the newspapers and subjected the inhabitants to strict control. Every window facing the street had to be closed. The houses were shut and in the evening nobody was allowed on the streets.

Prevented From Leaving the City. "For many days every one was prevented from leaving the city. Horses, automobiles and every other means of conveyance were appropriated by the Germans unless the owners could show credentials from the German army. The Belgian citizens were reduced to a state of terror. Cannonading began at noon, August 4, and was incessant day and night, rain or shine. Houses trembled, windows rattled and at first it was impossible to sleep because of the noise. Afterward we got quite used to the uproar.

"I saw 2,000 or 3,000 Belgian prisoners marched through the streets of Verrier and it was pitiful to watch the crowds of relatives, fathers, mothers, wives and sweethearts running beside the prisoners trying to throw bread and cigars to them. The captives were not given time to catch the gifts, but were ruthlessly hurried on by the German soldiers. We Americans sympathized heartily with the Belgians. Persons who had escaped from Liege told us that the Germans had taken three forts, caused a small fire in the city and captured 3,500 prisoners.

Citizens Shot at Liege. "August 14 a party consisting of two other Americans, myself and two Englishmen and a Frenchman obtained from the German commandant passes to return to Herbesthal on the way to Aix la Chapelle. Armed with these, we attempted to get a conveyance to the German frontier, but the cab drivers were so terrified that we tried five different men before we found one with sufficient nerve to take us. Even then I was compelled to conduct the driver to the German commandant to get a paper guaranteeing the safety of the cabman, his horse and his vehicle. Our horse was so old that we had to walk up the hills. The age of the beast, the driver said, was the only thing that kept the Germans from taking it.

"While we were in Liege several citizens were shot because of remarks they made to German officers and sol-

## GERMAN SIGNAL CORPS AT WORK



of an aggressive war for at least a century.

Even if the Germans break through the line of the allies or turn it on the north or the south they will not find the roads to Paris unobstructed. The allies are not likely to put all their money on one card, strong though that card may be. The roads to Paris are guarded by growing forces which at present will not take any part in the fighting. The battle line from Holland to Switzerland is merely the first barrier the Germans must clear.

Chicagoan Tells of Trip. Louis A. Dumond, the Chicago municipal investigator, has reached London after a fortnight of interesting and severe experiences in Germany and Belgium.

"August 3, while I was in Hamburg, the army began to mobilize," said Mr. Dumond. "Troop trains were running in all directions and the regular schedules were reduced hourly. The American consul advised me to leave immediately and escape to London by way of Belgium. I left Hamburg the same afternoon and was due on the Belgian frontier at 12:30 a. m. The train was delayed at every station and at Cologne we were forced to wait two hours. We reached the German frontier town of Herbesthal at ten o'clock the next morning.

"There we found that the Germans had violated the neutrality of Belgium and were marching in the direction of Liege. The Belgians had destroyed the railroad from Herbesthal to Verrier, which place I managed to reach. The trains had stopped running and it was impossible to return to Germany, as Americans had been ordered to leave that country.

Says Roads Were Blocked. "I made numerous attempts to get through Liege ahead of the German army, but was unsuccessful, either because the roads were blocked or I was turned back by German bayonets. The banks were closed and no shops, hotels or business men would cash checks, recognize letters of credit or trust any one. English and American travelers had little Belgian money and

At Herbesthal we were searched and examined by German officers, and were then allowed to take a military train to Aix la Chapelle, from which place we got a cab to the Dutch frontier. At the village of Baar they told us that we could get a train to Maastricht. On arriving there we found the Dutch army mobilized, practically all the trains used for soldiers and the main roads and bridges blocked to resist an army of 150,000 German soldiers just outside.

"We deemed it inadvisable to wait at Maastricht for a possible train, and the next day we hired an automobile. This broke down at ten o'clock that night. The chauffeur worked frantically two hours to repair the machine, but at midnight announced that it was impossible to run on account of a flat tire. Finally he consented to go on.

Left Stranded in Auto. "At 1 a. m. we were still twelve miles from Helder, whither we were going. The chauffeur stopped in the village of Durne. He refused to budge and left us stranded in the middle of the road, while he roused nearly every one in the village in search of a horse or so and announced that it was impossible to reach Helder, and that we must spend the night in Durne. The next morning we got a train from Durne to Rotterdam. We found that city flooded with Americans from all parts of Europe, most of them possessed of only the clothes they were wearing. The next morning we caught a train to Flushing, and thence came on a crowded boat to England.

"German officers in Liege assured us that they had captured the forts, driven the Russians back on the eastern frontier and would be in Paris in two weeks.

"A desperately exhausting fight it is, dispersed as they are in parties over their immense front. The wounded German prisoners, as they came in, were treated with just the same care and their death was dignified with the same respect as were our own friends. "I was even allowed to speak to some of the wounded prisoners in their own language. Not one had a word of complaint. "Poor fellows! They all believed they had been fighting against the French."

## GERMANS THINK ENEMY FRENCH AT HAELEN

London.—Geoffrey Young telegraphed from Haelen, Belgium: "Fine fellows, these little Belgians—intelligent and quick to respond; rather weary now and strained, for many have been already long in the field. Day and night they have been fighting at odds of ten to one. They are men who think, and they fight better for it.



# The Kitchen Cabinet

Great pity were it if this beneficence of Providence should be marred in the ordering, so as to justify the reflection of the old proverb, that though God sends us meat, yet the devil sends us cooks.

## WHAT TO DO WITH GRAPES.

Grape juice cannot be too highly recommended as a wholesome, nutritious and attractive drink. It may be served as an invalid's drink and prove a most valuable one, or as a refreshing drink for a hot day for anybody.

Wash, drain and stem the grapes. Put them in a deep kettle, wash well with a wooden potato masher and heat slowly, adding a very little water. Cook until the grapes look much lighter in color, then drain in a jelly bag, made of three thicknesses of cheese cloth. Wring the clothes out of hot water, put into it the hot pulp two quarts at a time, and hang up to drain. When no more of the juice drops, squeeze the pulp as dry as possible, keeping the cloudy portion separate. To a quart of the juice add a cupful of sugar or less, cook for twenty minutes, then bottle and seal the corks with wax.

Spiced Grapes.—Wash and stem the grapes, rejecting all that are not perfect. Remove the pulp by hand, dropping the pulp into a kettle and cook until the seeds may be easily separated in a sieve. To this sieved pulp add the skins, then measure. For four quarts add a half pint of good elder vinegar, three pounds of granulated sugar, one ounce of whole cloves, a half ounce of cassia buds and two ounces of stick cinnamon. Tie the spices in a cloth and put into the kettle with the vinegar and stir until the sugar is dissolved. Add the grape mixture and boil until thick as marmalade. Bottle and seal.

Grape Ice.—Boil together a pound of sugar and a pint of water, cool and add a pint of grape juice and the juice of one lemon. Freeze as usual.

Spiced grape jelly is most delicious for an accompaniment to game. For grape ice cream use a pint of cream, a cupful of sugar or less, a cupful of grape juice and a tablespoonful of cream. Freeze.

Grape Marmalade.—Prepare the grapes as for spiced grapes and mix the pulp with an equal measure of sugar, simmer until thick and smooth. Put up in jars and seal.

What a strange thing is man! And what a stranger is woman. What a whirlwind is her head. And what a whirlpool full of depth and danger is all the rest about her. —Byron.

## SEASONABLE DISHES.

A good dish for supper, breakfast or luncheon is an omelet, and they may be varied with different seasonings as to make them constantly new.

Savory Omelet.—Beat the yolks of two eggs until thick, add a teaspoonful of finely chopped parsley, add seasonings of pepper, salt and onion juice or a bit of grated onion. Put a tablespoonful of butter into a hot omelet pan, stir in the well beaten whites and pour into the pan. Stir with a spoon until it sets. Fold and cook well done on both sides. Cheese may be used instead of parsley for variety in flavor.

An omelet pan is best kept for that purpose exclusively as it must be smooth in order to have a good looking omelet when turned out.

Bombay Toast.—Beat well four eggs, add one half tablespoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of chopped capers, a dash of cayenne. Put two tablespoonfuls of butter in a saucepan and when hot stir in a tablespoonful of anchovy paste and the egg mixture. When it thickens take from the fire and spread on thin slices of buttered toast and serve at once.

Cucumber Fritters.—Peel and grate a number of large cucumbers, press out all the juice from the pulp and measure. To each pint allow one tablespoonful of melted butter, three tablespoonfuls of cream, two eggs, salt and pepper to taste, and one-half cupful of sifted flour with a teaspoonful of baking powder added. Beat well and drop by spoonfuls into smoking hot fat. Drain on paper and serve hot.

Tomatoes à la Indian.—Cut rounds of bread and saute in butter until brown on both sides. Cut firm tomatoes in thick slices, two for each

slice. Shape a good sized green pepper into strips, dip in boiling water, then drop into ice water. Wipe the tomatoes and fry in hot butter. Lay a slice of each on each slice of bread, season well and sprinkle with the pepper, cover with another slice of tomato. Garnish with yolk of egg hard cooked and put through a ricer, with a little parsley.

Man's mind a mirror is of heavenly lights. A brief wherein all marvels summed lie. Of fairest forms and sweetest shapes the store. Most graceful all, yet thought may grace them more. —Robert Southwell.

## SUMMER FOODS.

Green corn is so good in its natural state cooked on the cob that it is usually served in that manner. There are, however, many good dishes which may be prepared with it which are both appetizing and wholesome.

Green Corn Pudding.—Score the kernels of two dozen ears of sweet corn and press out the pulp. Add a cupful and a quarter of milk, three eggs well beaten, two tablespoonfuls of flour, three tablespoonfuls of butter, half a tablespoonful of sugar, and a teaspoonful of salt, season well with pepper. Turn into a well greased baking dish and bake one hour in a moderate oven.

Jersey Pie.—Line a pie plate with a crust slice with apples, add sugar, nutmeg, bits of butter and bake; then pour over sweetened whipped cream for the top crust and serve.

Peach Trifle.—Boil together for five minutes one cupful of sugar and a cupful of water, dropping into it the pits from a quart of ripe peaches. Skim them out and lay in the pared peaches, allowing slowly until they are tender. Set aside until cold, then press through a sieve. Line a glass dish with pieces of cake dipped in orange juice, pour over the peach pulp and cover with sweetened whipped cream, flavored with almond.

Breakfast Corn Cake.—Cream two-thirds of a cupful of butter. Beat into it one cupful of sugar, the yolks of three eggs, two cupfuls of milk and two cupfuls each of corn meal and white flour, sifted with one teaspoonful of soda and three of cream of tartar. Lastly add the beaten whites of the eggs and bake.

Egyptian Salad.—Take cold boiled corn, but from the cob, a bit of chopped onion and red pepper, a few cooked peas and bits of potato and a sprinkling of parsley, mix with French dressing and serve on lettuce.

We suffer from disease through ignorance. We escape through knowledge. We make them hope and hope is health. Science stands holding out resources, devices and remedies we are too stupid to use.

## BITS OF INFORMATION.

To keep the kitchen range black and clean looking, wash it off each time with the dish water, using a cloth kept for that purpose.

Keep a large mouthed jar near the sink to take all the scraps of soap and when there is sufficient, add a little boiling water and have a soap jelly which will be nice for dish washing.

When stubborn spots refuse to be removed from the kitchen floor, especially grease spots, soak newspapers in soda water and lay on the spots, wetting the paper occasionally to keep them moist.

When a candle is too large for the stick, hold the candle in a little hot water to soften then push it into place and it will hold firmly.

Cream cheese beaten until it is almost foamy, served with plum jelly and wafers makes a most tasty dessert.

When preparing pumpkin for pies cut up the pumpkin skin and all, just removing the seeds. Cook until soft then put through a sieve or colander and let it slowly dry out on the stove or in the oven.

When string comes around packages do not spend time rolling it, hang it on a nail out of sight where a string may quickly be pulled when needed.

When stains get under the nails use an orange wood stick dipped in oxalic acid.

Nellie Maxwell.

The abnormal sound can be distinguished from other noises, and with a little experience the exact point from which it comes can be discovered.

A Scruple. "Did that stout and stupid prodigal show any qualms when his overjoyed father set him down to a feast to celebrate his return?" "No; why should he?" "I thought he might feel like a scamp if he were to eat the fatted calf."

over difficulty barred the proper termination of a piece. The words are Latin, and mean, literally, "a god from the machinery."

The Material. He took his car apart, did it over. And thought he was in clover. But when he put them back again He had his pants left over.

Daily Thought. Of all virtues and dignities of mind godliness is the greatest, being the character of the Deity.—Bacon.

## French Idea in a Tennis Costume



A PLEASING and practical costume for the tennis court must, of necessity be plain. As a concession to present modes a few models are shown having a short close-fitting tunic, but the majority of tennis gowns are quite plain as to the skirt. In the matter of the bodice one may choose between the middie blouse made of a fabric like the skirt, the plain silk or lingerie blouse, or a waist made in one with the skirt like that shown in the picture.

White wash fabrics, including many of the new rough weaves in cotton, afford the player a wide choice of cotton materials. The coarser weaves in linen are always dependable for the tennis costume. Rattine has proved its worth for this kind of gown. Almost no models of other than wash fabrics are shown.

The picture given here shows a departure from all-white in a French tennis gown, from Lamaguerre, in flannel of a very light gray color. It has a pin-stripe in red. The plain skirt is in two pieces joined with an overlapped seam at the left side. It has a considerable split at the bottom. This is provided with flat buttons and buttonholes on the inside of the skirt by which the skirt may be closed when the wearer is not playing.

The blouse is cut with kimono sleeve and a little fullness over the shoulders. The sleeves are lengthened by a wide strip of the material, with stripes running up and down, set on in the manner of a cuff. The blouse is finished with a sailor collar of red satin. The sleeves are bordered with the same material, and it is also used to furnish the narrow belt. A silk scarf, in red, is placed under the collar and tied in a simple bow at the front as a finishing touch.

White canvas slippers, fastened with narrow straps, and a white felt hat complete the pretty toilette. The model can be recommended as to design, but for real practical use wash fabrics of cotton or linen are better than flannel, and white is a better choice than any color.

## Types of Hats for Present Wear



Types of hats for present wear, as set forth in the picture shown here, demonstrate the popularity of feathers in August millinery. The small close-fitting turban, made of white feathers with tall upstanding quills, is the most fashionable of late summer models. Hats similar in shape, and even more close fitting, made of white satin, crepe de chine, and black velvet, are trimmed with broad bands of white feathers and finished in nearly every instance with tall fancy feathers mounted at the front. These turbans in white are the forerunners of feather turbans, in colors, for early fall.

After the feather turban, all-white hats of felt or frames covered with fabric and trimmed with wings have made for themselves the strongest place in popular demand.

Wings of all kinds, so long as they are fairly soft, one sees mounted in as great a variety of ways as there is variety in the wings themselves. A white felt hat with a broad band of white satin ribbon is shown in the picture, with a very effective mounting of two long, soft, white wings. These wings are known as "moss" wings. That is they are manufactured

and are not taken from the body of a bird. The majority of designs in feather trimmings, are in fact, the result of clever handling of ordinary plumage from domestic fowls. Therefore, one's conscience is easy when wearing them.

Next to the all-white hat the black-and-white is liked for present wear. In many cases the crown only is black, and black velvet is the material chosen for making it. A hat of this character is shown in the picture with a tall crown made of a puff of black velvet. It is a turban shape with a wide coronet of white felt. This coronet might be of satin or of moire or any of the popular millinery fabrics. Small white wings are mounted against the crown along the left side of the hat. There is a bow of black velvet on the coronet at the right side. It is merely two flat loops placed toward the back of the hat.

Hats with black velvet crowns and transparent brims made of black or white maline or of silver net are among the prettiest of fashion's fancies. The crowns are soft and the brims are flat and rather narrow, a small sailor.

How Use for Linoleum. The newest thing in dancing floors is the use of linoleum instead of the time-honored waxed wood. This has been in use in one fashionable hall used largely for dancing purposes for about two months.

The linoleum was laid as an experiment in the belief that the new dance could be more sensibly and easily enjoyed, and this belief has proved well founded. There is plenty of spring in the cork surface, but no undue slip.

## Faith Gives Confidence

By REV. J. H. RALSTON  
Ministry of Congregational Development  
Mundy Bible Institute, Chicago

TEXT.—And we believe and are sure that thou art that Christ, the Son of the Living God. John 6:69.

Possibly the generation to which the people of the twentieth century belong has more to disturb its faith than a nuy preceding one. There may be no rejection of the senses, of intuition, or of faith itself, but the appeals to faith come from more sources than formerly.

The Appeal of Religion Has Changed. In a former day, the appeal was to the acceptance of the evangelical teachings of the New Testament accepted by all denominations, and sometimes to the particular doctrines of the denominations, but now it is made to the acceptance of certain caricatures of Christianity known as Christian Science, Russellism, theosophy, etc., and said to, with a very large response. This indicates that man is naturally religious. He wants something that will meet the demands of the spiritual craving within, and he is quite apt to take up with something that takes on the name of Christian, or that professes to be biblical, and yet ridicules evangelical Christianity and offers a substitute for it, however fraudulent it may be.

The Search for Certainty. Many are asking for certitude, or certainty, in the things of religion. How is a man to gain this certainty? In this consideration let us first note that there are various spheres of knowledge — physical, philosophical and spiritual. In the physical sphere the senses must be the witnesses, in the philosophical reason, and in the spiritual faith, although in the spiritual faith does not reject the witness of the senses and reason. In the physical sphere the testimony of the senses may be misleading, as one man may say an object is of one color, while another man says it is of a different color, the fact being that one of these is certainly color blind, and it may be that both of them are so. As far as philosophy is concerned, reason may take the reins in her mouth and plunge into the abyss of infidelity and atheism as was the case in France a century ago.

Faith Must Not Be Blind. While the senses or reason may not apprehend what faith needs to apprehend, yet faith makes recognition of the testimony of history, personal experience, and of any revelation that God sees fit to make. In the case before us the disciples said that they believed and were sure that Jesus was the Christ, the son of the living God, the most important fact for man to apprehend, the minimum of Christian belief. We have said that faith rests on certain things that may not belong to the supernatural. The many false forms of religion to which we have referred, make strong appeals, that, in the vehemence of them, and apparently in their sincerity, but when we ask for something in connection with them for our faith to rest upon, they have really nothing to give, except the idle dreams of some man or woman who has repudiated all that we have revered and honored in the past. While there may be some facts presented, as in the alleged cases of healing, there is no appeal to that which is behind us, the experience of millions of Christian people through the centuries.

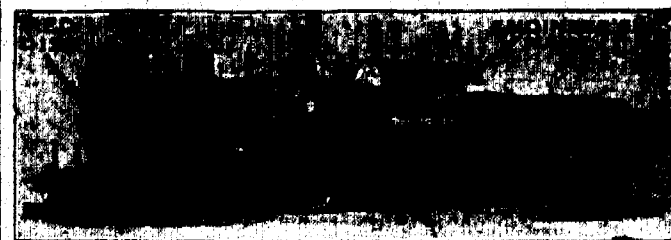
A Definite Faith. The faith of the disciples was very definite. "We believe and are sure that thou art that Christ, the son of the living God." The evidence of this definite faith is abundant as may be proved by the men who expressed it being perfectly willing to certify it by the sacrifice of wealth, position, and even life itself. That adherents of false forms of Christianity have made great sacrifices will not be questioned, but in connection with Christian sacrifice we have a law that has existed through twenty centuries, and the blessings that have come out of this spirit of sacrifice and realized by the individual have certified to the genuineness of the faith—they have new wealth, new position, and foretastes of the life that is not only eternal but in harmony with the life of God.

The agent in this assurance is nothing less than the holy spirit of God, which indicates supernatural origin. "No man can say that Jesus is the Lord, but by the holy ghost." Here is where the religion of Jesus Christ and the apostles is to be differentiated from any other religion. Notwithstanding that it is from above it does not relieve from personal responsibility, but the blessings in bearing the responsibility are so infinitely above anything that the world has to offer, that the responsibility may be forgotten.

Ancestry and Posterity. Any man who comes of good stock, and especially an individual whose forefathers were God-fearing and intelligent people, may well take a satisfaction in his family line, but such a hereditary creature is under obligation to walk worthy of the traditional faith. "It is a good thing to have ancestors to one's credit," some one has said, "but better to be a credit to our ancestors." It ought to be the earnest aim and endeavor of each successive generation not only to equal, but if it be possible, to surpass, the mental and moral attainments of its predecessors.—Elliott's Herald.

It is estimated that 75 per cent of the laws have to do with the home in some way.

## RECOGNITION OF LOYALTY



Engineer's Name Painted on Locomotive Cab as a Reward for Good Record—The Red Spot, Another Mark of Recognition, is Painted on the Front of the Boiler as Indicated by Arrow.

## MAKES FOR EFFICIENCY

SYSTEM OF EASTERN RAILROAD A PRONOUNCED SUCCESS.

Prizes, Honor Rolls and Other Marks of Recognition of Good Work Have Been Instituted—"Order of the Red Spot."

To encourage loyalty among the employees and to inspire them to see and live up to their opportunities, the Erie railroad has installed a system of prizes, honor rolls and other marks of recognition, and this system has apparently resulted in a revolutionary improvement in discipline and efficiency, according to Popular Mechanics. One of the most pronounced marks of recognition is membership in the Order of the Red Spot, to which only locomotive engineers are eligible, and for which the requirements are general efficiency in the handling of the locomotive. An engineer who has made a record entitling him to membership is allowed to have a red spot painted on the front of his locomotive as a background for the disk carrying the engine number. As a further record of competent service one engineer on each division is allowed to have his name painted in gold letters on the cab of his locomotive. The honor roll, designed for the benefit of all classes of employees, is a system of credit marks given for special acts of diligence and observation, as, for example, the discovery of a broken rail. These credits do not determine the advancement of the recipient, but have weight when any charges are made against him. Substantial rewards in money are given for efficiency in maintaining track. The railroad is divided into three grand divisions, and these are subdivided, each subdivision being in charge of a supervisor. At the end of each working season an inspection car goes over the entire system, taking a record of the physical condition of the track, and this, combined with the cost of maintenance, determines the award of prizes. On each grand division prizes are awarded to the two supervisors making the best record, while smaller prizes are awarded to two section foremen on each of the subdivisions.

Electricity Cheaper Than Steam. In the case of one 440-mile division of a railroad, according to a speaker quoted in the Electrical World, electric operation offers an estimated saving of 25 per cent over the cost of steam. Where direct current is employed for electrification a large portion of the installation investment is in feeder copper and conversion apparatus, and a smaller proportion in locomotives. On the other hand where alternating current is employed the stationary equipment is less complicated and less expensive than the direct-current station apparatus, but the locomotive electrical equipment becomes more elaborate.

Train Two Months Late. President Ellis Thorwaldson of the North Dakota railroad, which runs 22 miles from Concrete to Edinburg, called on President L. W. Hill of the Great Northern and borrowed a locomotive from him. "Mine's sick," said Thorwaldson, "and we haven't pulled a train for two months. Farmers along the line are beginning to think our train must be late."

Thorwaldson lives beside his line at Mountain, N. D., where he is president of the bank, postmaster and well digger.—Minneapolis Journal.

Metallic Tapes on Third-Rail Lines. Surveys on railroads operated by third rail should use metallic tapes with discretion or avoid their use entirely. While danger of contact with the third rail is imminent, the more frequent accidents seem to arise from leaving such tapes between the rails while trains pass over. These tapes are often picked up by the armature of the motors, particularly with gearless motors are used, with resulting damage to property.—Electric Railway Journal.

To Smell Out Money. The identification of a five-dollar bill, among a number of others, by means of the odor previously applied, by a young New York woman, suggests the rearing of a new breed of dogs that might be called "cash hounds." All that one needs to do would be to let his "cash hound" smell his wallet, or purse, then, when he found that some "dip" had pinched it, say "sic him" to the dog and have an officer waiting by the time the faithful animal retrieved the thief. Great idea, this, for some enterprising dog fancier.

Force of Practice. "How is it that Jorkine dances the tango with so much expert agility? I know he has little time for practice." "No, but he gets the practice dodging the automobiles downtown."

A Plain Prescription. Mandy (pulling into the drug store)—Doc, Ah wants somethin' to put mah man asleep. Doc—Gentleman of color? Mandy—Yas sah. Doc—Use a Saffron.

## TRESPASSERS ON THE TRACKS

Campaign of Education Necessary if Heavy Casualty Lists Are to Be Reduced.

In 24 years 220,000 trespassers on railroad property have been killed. Yet most of us continue to take the short cuts and level stretches unless watched.—Minneapolis Journal.

The Bee has frequently called attention to the gravity of the trespasser problem and the evident widespread ignorance regarding it—either ignorance or indifference, we are not sure which. Something is to be said on both sides of the question; it may be admitted, perhaps, that more thorough policing or patrolling of railroad right-of-way by the owners of the property would reduce the heavy casualties, and yet trespassing is trespassing. The person who unlawfully traverses the right-of-way to an extent assumes the risk.

A record of ten trespassers killed and six others seriously injured on one Western road in two months—May 1 to July 1—has been brought to our attention. The purported cause is given in every case and if correctly given throws the burden of blame on the trespasser. What the Bee insists on is, first, the proper precautions and then a campaign of publicity to inform the people that they have duties as well as the railroads.—Omaha Bee.

## PURPOSE IN NARROW GAUGE

Russian Government Clings to It as a Measure of National Protection.

There are several railroad gauges— or widths between the two rails of the track in Europe, but in the United States and Canada it is possible for a truck to travel from Prince Rupert to New Orleans and from Quebec to San Francisco without hindrance. This was accomplished at great expense some twenty or thirty years ago. In Europe the bulk of the mileage is the standard four-foot eight and one-half inch gauges. There are, however, some other gauges, especially the meter gauge in France, Belgium, Italy, Spain and Portugal.

The most important exceptions are in Spain and Portugal, where they have nearly ten thousand miles of the five-foot six-inch gauge, and in Russia and Finland, where there are 30,000 miles of the five-foot gauge. This three and one-half inches difference from the standard was adopted by the Russian government to avoid dangers of invasion. The only connection between France and Spain is at Irun, on the Biscayan coast, but the Pyrenees are now being pierced at more than one place, and a question of conforming the gauge of Spain and Portugal to that of the bulk of Europe has arisen.—Engineering Record.

Aerial Passenger Cableway. An aerial passenger cableway is soon to be built across the whirlpool at Niagara falls to enable visitors to get a close view of that marvel of nature and to experience the thrills connected with such a view without incurring any danger. The system, which is described with illustrations in the Popular Mechanics magazine, is similar to one recently installed at San Sebastian, Spain, for spanning a chasm between two mountain resorts, and to the one that climbs the first stage of the Wetterhorn in Switzerland. The whirlpool is situated in Canadian territory, about six miles below Niagara falls. The cableway is to be about seventeen feet long, with the cables stretched at an elevation of about two hundred and fifty feet above the whirlpool. The car, which has already been built in Spain, has a capacity of 60 passengers.

Plan Steel Freight Cars. The Pennsylvania railroad announces the building of several hundred all steel freight cars for experimental use on its lines. The cars will cost about fifteen hundred dollars each and will have a capacity of 100,000 pounds. The company believes the all steel freight cars will protect freight while in transit. Should the experiment prove a success, the company plans to substitute the steel for the wooden cars as fast as the old ones have to be replaced.

Fear Yellow Plague. Because of the shifting of the trade routes, owing to the opening of the Panama canal, the possibility of a visit from the yellow-fever mosquito is anticipated, and already efforts are being made to meet the pest half-way, and precautions have been taken to guard the country against it. Surveys have been made in many sections with the view of correcting and removing favorable breeding places, and rules and regulations are about to be put in force at the ports which are calculated to keep the mosquito out.

One for the Taff Man. "Wise men make epigrams and fools quote them," observed the tall man. "That's true," answered the short man, appreciatively. "By the way, who was the author of that one?"

Not Strong, but Fast. "I see that a suffragette posted that Belfast editor." "Daughter, how often must I tell you to drop that long thing?" "That wasn't long. She hit him with a mauling bang."





## For Every Need

In sickness or accident the proper drug will relieve pain and aid nature in restoring good health. We carry a large assortment of pure drugs, as well as the most popular meritorious "Patent" remedies. We solicit your drug business, assuring you of good goods, good values and good service.

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GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 27

### Local News

Miss Frances Bell of Bay City was a guest of Miss Florence Smith over Sunday last.

Miss Agnes Gannon of Gaylord is a guest of Mrs. John Heath, and is also visiting other friends.

Miss Olga Raue of Evanston, Illinois is visiting at the home of her brother, Wilhelm Raue.

Mrs. Elmer Haire and children of Bay City arrived on Monday for a visit with relatives here.

Mrs. Steele, sister of Mrs. W. G. Payson, who has spent the summer at Camp Payson down the river, returned to her home in Chicago yesterday.

Maurice Benyas, who has been spending the summer at his home at Petoskey, returned Tuesday to his work at C. J. Hathaway's jewelry store.

Miss Johanna Hanson of Detroit, former bookkeeper for Sorenson Bros., is here to attend the Danish Young People's convention, arriving yesterday morning.

Miss Isabella Case returned Monday night, after a two weeks' vacation, spending part of the time on the beach at Port Austin, on Saginaw Bay, and at her home in Bad Axe.

Frank Dreese landed a fine 15-inch rainbow trout on the East Branch river last Thursday night. Besides this he caught several other nice size trout, but he says that he didn't keep any "flyers."

Mrs. Tillie Sparks of Illinois is visiting at the home of her brother, John Larson.

Nagius Hanson and Dr. Keyport left Tuesday for Flint and expect to return with a 1915 model Buick auto, for the Doctor.

We are informed by the County Clerk that the State Industrial Accidental Board will be in session at the Court House in Grayling on September 11th.

Mrs. E. Vendlen and two little daughters returned to their home in Munising on Saturday last, after a two weeks' visit at the home of Wm. McNeven.

Clarence Smart of Boyne, City is spending the week here the guest of friends. Lorne Douglas of Johannesburg is also visiting here for a few days.

In honor of the approaching marriage of Miss Catherine McPeak of Bay City, who is visiting here, Miss Edna McCullough gave a shower affair at her pleasant home on Ottawa street last evening.

Mrs. J. Bobenmoyer has returned from the wholesale house and has a fine new fall millinery stock. She has all the new shapes and styles, including sailboats and small hats in velvet and plush.

The Messrs Frank and Jean Fogelson of Buffalo, N. Y., were guests of their uncle, L. Fogelson, the first of the week. They left yesterday afternoon for Mackinaw. They will also visit in Detroit before their return home.

Mr. and Mrs. Delevan Smith entertained their son, F. D. Smith and family of Bay City; Mr. and Mrs. James Stadden and Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Stadden all of Rowley, over Sunday last. They spent the day at Portage Lake visiting the encampment grounds.

Mr. and Mrs. Sheldon and daughter Carmen of East Jordan arrived Saturday and were guests at the J. H. Williams home over Sunday. They visited at the latter's brother, Major Pepper, at the Encampment grounds Sunday and returned home Monday afternoon. Miss Carmen remained for a longer visit with the Misses Williams.

## TABULATED REPORT of PRIMARY ELECTION IN EACH TOWNSHIP.

		Grayling	Frederic	Levalla	Maple Forest	Beaver Creek	South Branch	Total	Plurality
<b>GOVERNOR</b>									
Frederick C. Martindale	Republican	77	29	2	13	20	3	144	38
George E. Killa	Republican	13	12	1	1	1	1	27	
William S. Linton	Republican	13	5	2	6	1	2	23	
Chase S. Osborn	Republican	61	21	3	6	6	9	106	
Alex J. Groesbeck	Republican	123	8	2	3	2	2	141	
Henry M. Battagill	Progressive	14	2	2	2	2	2	23	
Woodbridge N. Ferris	Democrat	50	5	2	2	6	2	70	
<b>TOWNSHIP GOVERNOR</b>									
Lauren L. Dickinson	Republican	53	19	2	7	9	2	92	
Edwin J. Curtiss	Republican	59	25	5	7	7	2	109	
David E. Heinemann	Republican	57	20	4	7	13	6	107	2
James N. McBride	Progressive	15	1	2	2	2	2	22	
Emmet L. Beach	Democrat	47	6	1	5	7	6	66	
<b>CONGRESS, TENTH DISTRICT</b>									
George A. Glerum	Republican	21	27	6	11	20	7	84	
Gilbert A. Currie	Republican	99	41	5	8	7	139	31	
George A. Loud	Republican	16	1	2	5	2	23	23	
Roy O. Woodruff	Progressive	45	4	1	5	2	62	62	
Charles W. Hitchcock	Democrat	14	1	1	1	1	5	22	
<b>SENATE, TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT</b>									
Louis L. Kelly	Republican	96	36	6	20	19	10	187	53
Angus W. McDonnell	Republican	74	30	3	1	20	4	132	
William F. Johnston	Progressive	11	1	2	2	2	2	19	
Fred Bailey	Progressive	5	1	1	1	1	1	6	
<b>REPRESENTATIVE, FIFTEENTH DISTRICT</b>									
Harry H. Whiteley	Republican	94	38	2	5	20	9	168	42
Merritt Chandler	Republican	59	26	7	13	18	3	126	
George Mahon	Progressive	12	1	1	1	2	2	18	16
Eugene Caldwell	Progressive	2	1	1	1	1	1	7	
Amiel L. Faiver	Progressive	1	1	1	1	1	1	6	
Frank N. Smith	Democrat	43	4	1	1	5	5	53	
<b>SHERIFF</b>									
Michael Brenner	Republican	33	2	2	2	1	1	38	
Ernest P. Richardson	Republican	11	3	1	3	2	14	33	
William Cody	Republican	85	39	1	3	3	142	73	
Leonard Eisenhauer	Republican	64	3	4	4	25	1	99	
John Hanna	Republican	19	4	4	13	1	45	45	
Era W. Haines	Republican	17	1	2	2	1	23	23	
Frank May	Democrat	46	3	2	1	6	55	55	22
Newton B. Goodar	Democrat	20	2	1	1	6	5	33	
Theodore O'dell	Democrat	20	2	1	1	6	5	33	
<b>COUNTY CLERK</b>									
John J. Niederer	Republican	178	63	10	21	26	12	310	
Christopher R. King	Progressive	14	1	2	2	2	2	21	
<b>COUNTY TREASURER</b>									
Edward S. Houghton	Republican	163	63	2	18	26	12	284	
William Moshier	Progressive	14	1	2	2	2	2	21	
<b>REGISTER OF DEEDS</b>									
Allen B. Failing	Republican	157	43	16	14	11	241	153	
Herbert E. Parker	Republican	44	19	7	16	2	88		
Ralph Hanna	Progressive	13	1	2	2	2	20		
John F. Floster	Democrat	38	4	1	4	7	54		
<b>PROSECUTING ATTORNEY</b>									
Oscar Palmer	Republican	179	63	1	19	28	11	286	
Glen Smith	Democrat	42	4	1	5	7	59		
<b>CIRCUIT COURT COM.</b>									
Oscar Palmer	Republican	172	63	19	26	9	289		
<b>COUNTY SURVEYOR</b>									
Edward S. Houghton	Republican	161	63	21	29	12	286		
<b>CORONERS</b>									
Stanley N. Inley	Republican	160	16	24	10	269			
Andaew Brown	Republican	95	18	20	2	1	3		
James A. Leighton	Progressive								
Frank R. Deckrow	Progressive								

Mrs. Charles Canfield is visiting her parents in Gladwin.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Bobenmoyer spent the week end at Sault Ste. Marie.

Mrs. D. H. Ketzback and grandson, Donald Lewis of Kalkaska, returned to their home on Tuesday afternoon, after a week's visit here with the lady's sons, W. A. and C. O. Ketzback and families.

We call attention of our readers to the course of study of the Grayling public schools, which appears on another page of this issue of the Avalanche. Special attention is called to the fact that neither Latin nor German are required subjects.

The Misses Frida Olson and Sena Elstrom, who have spent a couple of weeks here visiting relatives and friends and enjoying a week's outing at Portage Lake, left for Detroit today. Miss Odie Shiehy accompanied them home for a few weeks' visit. They will visit in Saginaw a few days before going to Detroit.

The Spendthrift at the opera house last Saturday was pretty well patronized, and the company gave the Grayling theatre goers a fine performance. It's a fine play and the company is strong in every part. Manager Overton says that he has a number of other good attractions for the coming theatre season. On September 8th there will be presented "The Light Eternal." This is a strong spectacular drama of early Rome. Vaudeville tonight and tomorrow night.

Considerable contention seems to have existed among some of the members of the Loyal order of Moose, therefore recently the old officers were requested to resign and on Monday evening of this week new officers were elected to fill the various places. Following are the new officers elected: Dictator, Geo. W. McCullough; Vice Dictator, Frank Carpenter; Prelate, Morris E. Burroughs; Secretary, Allen B. Failing; Treasurer, Hans Peterson; Inner guard, Chris Hoels; Outer Guard, Fred Parks; Trustee, three years, C. M. Hewitt; Trustee, one year, A. H. Brady. These officers will be installed at the regular meeting next Monday.

David R. Jones, chief deputy state game warden, of Lansing, was in the city Sunday, the guest of Reuben Babbitt, and at that time visited the Hanson State Military reservation and was greatly pleased with the place. Mr. Jones says that the State department is going to give special attention to the Reservation as a game preserve and will provide special wardens to look after the protection of any and all game within the border of the reservation. They intend to provide a marking line around the place and post proper notices so that hunters may know just where the lands begin. Violators will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law. The State Game, Fish and Forestry Warden department at Lansing fully appreciates the Reservation as a game preserve and are anxious to give it all the protection and care that may be necessary.

Master Charles McCrean of St. Thomas is visiting his cousins, the Misses Bingham.

Some women in Chicago are wearing their skirts so tight around the bottom they have to hop up on the street car steps.

Miss Laurel London has taken a position as school teacher in the Pere Cheney school, and will commence her duties next Monday morning.

Louis P. Haight of Muskegon will lecture upon the subject of Development of Pine Barren Lands at the West Michigan Fair at Grand Rapids, Sept. 4th.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Ketzback entertained their niece, Miss Maud Baty of Saginaw for a week or more. The young lady returned home Monday afternoon, after her pleasant visit.

Miss Johanna Hendrickson, who has been attending the Ashland college at Grant arrived home Monday. She was accompanied home by her friend Miss Sena Sorenson of Greenville, who will be her guest for a month or more.

The 1st Infantry band of Detroit, under the leadership of Harold Todd, treated the people of Grayling to an exceptionally fine concert at the court house square last Tuesday evening. This is probably the best band that has ever visited Grayling.

A very pretty wedding took place at St. Leo's catholic church at Frederic last Tuesday morning, when Miss Lida Gendron, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Gendron and Mr. Fred. B. McDermid, son of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McDermid were united in holy matrimony by the Rev. Fr. John Riess of this city.

Special for Aug. and Sept.—20 per cent discount given on all Wall Paper sold in these two months. Now is the time to buy for this fall or for next spring. Conrad G. Sorenson. Phone 613.

## THE STING OF HIGH PRICES

Hasn't been felt by the patrons of our store, nor will it be unless the wholesaler can crowd the prices up faster than we can force them down.

L. D. GARDNER  
FREDERIC

### Election Notes.

The latest returns indicate that Col. Geo. Loud has been nominated for congress by the Republicans.

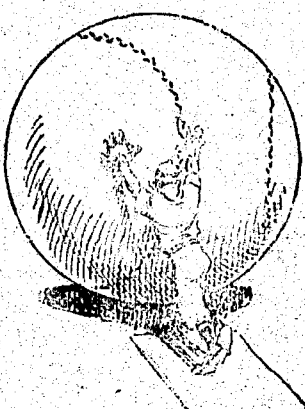
J. Lee Morford was nominated for State Senator in the 29th district, by a majority of 308.

Harry H. Whiteley of Millersburg was out for representative in this district over Merritt Chandler by a majority of about 800.

John J. Niederer, for county clerk, had the largest vote of any candidate on the ticket; and Allen B. Failing for register had the largest majority.

Bay county saved the day for Col. Loud, and is an indication of the way he is appreciated in his home city, where he is best known. Currie received a good vote here as an appreciation of his loyalty to the Grayling people in regard to the Military encampment bill in the last legislature.

Scott won for congress in the 11th district.



### BASE BALL SCHEDULE.

Otsego, Sept. 5, 6, and 7.

### Beaver Creek Breezes.

Mr. Burton's new house is being painted.

Miss N. Wilcox of West Branch is visiting at Mrs. Geo. Belmore's.

Miss Elsie Mortenson is home from Flint.

J. Strum is visiting at the home of John Failing.

Mrs. Effie Henry arrived Saturday to teach the school for the coming year.

School started Monday the 24th, greatly to the surprise of everyone concerned except the teacher. Even the school directors seemed rather dazed by the fact, as no arrangements had been made to have the school cleaned.

Teddy lost his trousers in the wilds of Brazil, but he found the Rio Roosevelt.

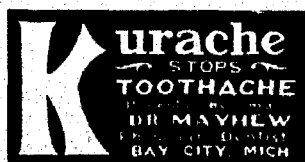
Mexican generals are something on the foot, but the world takes off its hat to the American railway magnate.

### Special Notice.

I am ready to serve you again, same as ever, for pressing and cleaning. Will especially lead in good made-to-measure clothes. I am ready to show you a complete line of fall and winter samples.

If your time does not allow you to call at my place on the south side, I will call at your house or store. My phone number is 614. Prompt service.

A. E. HENDRICKSON,  
The Merchant Tailor.



## WANTS

Advertisements will be accepted under this heading at the rate of 5 cents per line. No ad. taken for less than 15 cents. There are about six words to the line. SEND MONEY WITH THE ORDER.

HOUSE FOR RENT—Enquire Chris Hoelsli. Phone 1034.

WANTED—Second hand show case and counter. Mrs. J. Bobenmoyer.

WANTED—A basket of blackberries. Mrs. J. Bobenmoyer.

FOR SALE—4½x6½ camera, carrying case, tripod and plate holders. Henry Joseph.

MOTOR BOAT—For sale. 18 foot, two-horse power, good running order. Adler Jorgenson, Grayling. 8-27-3

STRAYED—From Waters, Otsego county, Mich., about fifteen head of cattle, marked in the left ear with a round button 1½ inches in diameter, bearing owner's name and address. Also one head with similar button in the right ear and two small holes punched in left ear. All about 2 years old. Suitable reward will be paid for information leading to their return. Notify Henry Stephens & Co., Waters, Mich. 4-20-2

LET US FIGURE with you on your painting, decorating and wall paper. We have it, just what you want. Phone 613. CONRAD G. SORENSON.

WANTED 25 pounds of clean, cotton Wiping Rags at 5c per pound, at the Avalanche office.

FOR SALE—Section of land 4 miles from Grayling. Excellent tract for grazing purposes. Title perfect. Exceptional bargain. Inquire of Glen Smith, Grayling. 8-15-3.

WANTED—Every family in Grayling to order some of our delicious Ice Cream for their Sunday dinners. A. M. Lewis.

FOR SALE—Popcorn and peanut machine. In first class condition. Model Bakery.

STRAYED—From my farm near Big Lake, Mich., my horse, colt, 1 year old, with star in forehead. Finder hold same and notify Paul Riedel, Roscommon, Mich.

## A Man Without Clothes Would Soon Be Locked Up!



But don't worry. There's no need for you to be locked up in this town so long as we are selling suits at their present prices. It's cheaper to buy than to pay the fine. You ought to see our FALL SAMPLES without delay, before too many of the best selections are sold. They are without doubt the best values for the money we have ever offered to our customers, and they are walking right out of our door every day. It's simply a case of SEE AND BUY.

\$13.50  
AND UP

SALLING, HANSON CO.

The Pioneer Store. Established 1878.

## WAIT! Watch this Space Enlarge

## WORK! WORK! WORK!

Be a worker! A good worker! A hard worker! A faithful worker! To drift is to lose power. Don't drift! Be active! Be wide-awake! Be up and doing. To do is to live.

The world wants you and has use for you. Give it a chance. It will treat you well, if you are educated to do what it wants done. It does not desire to throw you down. It only desires to make you prove your worth.

Whatever you find to do, do with all your might. First convince yourself that you are right, then go ahead. Watch a chip of wood that floats down stream.

It is a helpless victim of every eddy, every current, unable to find a lodging place anywhere. It drifts.

Whatever else you do, "don't drifts." Resolve to achieve, to accomplish something, to make yourself felt. Take your head between your hands and think hard, then resolve and act.

Your fellows may laugh and ridicule, may chaff and jest at your earnestness.

Never mind them, but keep persevering, and some morning the fact will awake them that they have been drifting while you have steered your ship safely into harbor.

No one is so poor that he has not opportunity. Life is full of chances. If opportunity does not happen your way, you can go out and find it.

Those who come to our College to prepare for the positions in business are never "drifters." They are ambitious.

They are the kind who go forward and do things. They use the education acquired here as a "stepping stone" to success.

If you are content to remain at the foot of the ladder you



## The Leading Brands of Cigars Properly Kept.

That's the kind of Cigar Service that we are giving our customers—a genuine pleasure to an appreciative smoker.

### CANDY AND ICE CREAM

Our Candies are not surpassed for purity and deliciousness. If you want something extra fine try some of our "Gilberts" Chocolates.

There is no better nor purer Ice Cream made than that that is served at our fountain.

**A. M. LEWIS.**

### Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, AUG. 27

### Local News

Phone 831 for reliable auto service. School begins Tuesday, September 8th.

Order your hard coal of Salling, Hanson Co.

J. A. Holliday has purchased the house occupied by Guy Slade.

Glen Mills visited his father in Boyne City on Saturday and Sunday last.

Is your boy or girl fully prepared for school? How about their eyes? Have C. J. Hathaway examine them.

A Conklin Self-Filling Pen will enable your boy or girl to do better work in school. Get one at Hathaway's.

The Avalanche acknowledges receipt of complimentary tickets to the Arenac county fair at Standish, Sept. 16, 17, and 18.

The village tax roll is now at the bank of Grayling, in the hands of the treasurer, and taxes may be paid there at any time.

Mrs. W. A. Lamont and children arrived on Monday from Montpelier, Ohio, and are visiting at the home of A. F. Gierke and family.

Miss Mildred Bunting arrived on Monday from Bay City, where she had spent a couple weeks at a house party at O-A-K-Beach.

Want to buy any second hand article? Make your wants known through our want column. Somebody may have just what you want.

George Sorenson and family, of Sorenson Bros., returned from their summer home at Portage Lake, after a two weeks' enjoyable outing.

Now is the time to order your winter supply of hard coal. Your order placed now will assure you delivery in proper season. Salling, Hanson Co.

Mrs. Stanley Insley is enjoying a visit from her cousins, the Misses Ella and Nancy McAleary of Hartford, Conn. The ladies return to their homes today.

It is now predicted that Congress will adjourn during the course of the next three weeks. Many of the members will doubtless be glad to get home and enter the campaign for their re-election.

Miss Elsie Erickson is entertaining her sister, Miss Signa, of Detroit for a week. Miss Erickson is employed as a seamstress in the Alteration Department of the B. Seigel clothing store of that city.

Miss Bernice Gaffey arrived the fore part of last week from Syracuse, New York, and is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Bates at their summer home at Portage Lake. Miss Donna Hoyt of Gaylord is also enjoying a couple of weeks outing at the Bates cottage.

Mrs. J. E. Crowley, accompanied by Miss Nellie Shannahan, left Monday morning for Detroit to purchase fall millinery goods. Mr. Crowley left yesterday afternoon to join Mrs. Crowley in Detroit, and together they will take a trip to Niagara Falls and other cities.

Mrs. Thomas Walking and sons, Reginald and Ferdinand, of Pinconning, with the E. S. Houghton family, spent three weeks resorting at Portage Lake, occupying the Amos cottage. They came into town and spent Sunday with friends, and left on Monday afternoon for their home. They enjoyed the outing at Portage Lake very much.

The late arrival of the troops at the Military camp Saturday made it impossible to have the general review Sunday and a large crowd of visitors was disappointed. However the maneuvers by the various companies were much enjoyed. It is expected that a general review will be held next Sunday.

FOR SALE—Nice gentle mare 1 year old last June, broke single, perfectly gentle, not afraid of anything; 1 new single wagon, double box and seat; 1 single buggy; 1 single harness; 1 pair harness and traps; 1 pair single heavy butt sleds with seat. Will sell the whole at half price for cash. Make me an offer. E. G. Sapping.

Full size bed with springs and mattress for sale. W. J. Miller. 8-27-2.

Miss Della Dufour of Bay City is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. M. Hewitt. Mose LaSprance left Monday morning for a few days' visit in Bay City and Saginaw.

Burt Peterson left on Sunday evening for Manistee for a week's visit among relatives and friends.

For First Class Livery and Heavy Work call Peter Jorgenson, Phone 853. Open day and night.

T. E. Douglas and family of Lovella visited the encampment grounds at Portage Lake on Sunday last.

Hector Toranzo, second baseman, returned from his home in Onaway on Friday last, after a ten days' visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Mutton are entertaining the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel LaDue of Cadillac.

Why be without a reliable watch when you can get one so reasonable at Hathaway's. Either cash or credit.

Glen Smith and Marguerite Hoyt, both of Gaylord, were guests at the Bates cottage at Portage Lake over Sunday last.

Mrs. A. Arthurs and daughter Clara of Saginaw are spending several weeks here visiting friends and picking huckleberries.

Work has been commenced on the new sewer on McClellan street, which runs from Cedar street to Don street, next to the hospital premises.

Miss Emma Peterson expects to return to Detroit next Saturday night to resume her work as hairdresser at Miss Elizabeth Freazy's hair dressing establishment.

The Misses Ada and Ruth Ryan, who spent a couple of weeks here, guests of their sister, Mrs. A. J. Joseph, returned to their home in Clare, Mich., on Thursday last.

A. J. Joseph of the Grayling Mercantile Co., is enjoying a week's vacation. He, with Mrs. Joseph, left on Monday morning for Clare, Mich., to visit the latter's parents.

Ed. Streil purchased a new Ford car, 1915 model one day the latter part of the week at Traverse City. He brought his mother here from Mancelona Sunday, to spend the day.

Miss Marguerite Cassidy, who spent the summer in Midland, returned home last week, accompanied by her cousin, Master Raphael Cote, who will visit here for a couple of weeks.

Hyson Collier and Miss Lena Brockway of Boyne City were guests of George Olson and Miss Leelah Clark the latter part of last week. They returned home Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Louis Keiser and children of Cheboygan visited at the Cassidy home on Friday last, enroute to Midland for a month's visit. On their return home they will make a visit here.

Miss Lillie McLeod of Bay City is enjoying a two weeks' vacation here at the home of her mother, Mrs. C. McLeod. Her sister, Mrs. Lee White returned to her home in Royal Oak, Saturday, after a ten days' visit here.

Miss Catherine McPeak, accompanied by her sisters, Gertrude and Margaret arrived on Friday for a visit with their brothers, Lester and George and with friends. Miss Catherine is spending a week's outing at Portage Lake, the guest of Miss Irene Burton at her cottage.

Cyril Goodrow of Saginaw, who plays with the Gaylord independents, assisted the Cash Register team on 3rd base in the Saturday game. "Kip" Rice, Gaylord's pitcher, also of Saginaw, pitched the first couple innings. Both young men left on Sunday morning for Cheboygan, where the Gaylord team were scheduled to play the Cheboygan Tannery team.

Stoughton steam shoveler Julius Nelson has done a nice piece of road work on Michigan avenue and the streets running past the base ball grounds and down to the East branch bridge. These are all finished with a crushed stone top dressing and make permanent and first class driveways. Mr. Nelson used the township steam road roller for finishing the job and this now makes as fine a road to travel on as any in the county, and Mr. Nelson is to be commended for his good work.

I am ready to take your orders for coal and coke, to be delivered whenever wanted. Get my prices on soft coal in car load lots. 7-3-rt J. M. BOWLING.

Frank Dreese is in Chicago purchasing his fall and winter stock.

Get anything to sell? A want ad in the Avalanche will bring results.

Miss Mamie Vriken of Bay City is the guest of friends here this week.

FOR SALE—4x6x6 camera, carrying case, tripod and plate holders. Henry Joseph.

K. Hanson and H. A. Bauman were in Mackinaw on business the fore part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Mogenson of Grant are visiting the latter's mother, Mrs. John Utson.

Henry and Louie Joseph spent the week end down the river at the Seeley Wakeley resort.

Mr. and Mrs. Glen Owen and little son left for Bay City yesterday to visit the latter's parents.

Henry Stephens Olsogow are billed to play ball with the fast Tannery team at Cheboygan next Sunday.

Fire insurance is too cheap to be without. Why are you so negligent? GEO. L. ALEXANDER & SON.

Miss Bessie Walters of Detroit was a guest of her aunt, Mrs. Dennis Johnson, for a week. She returned home on Tuesday.

Miss Carrie Johnson of Flint, a former resident of this city is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lars Rasmussen.

Mat's barber shop is now located over Collins' restaurant, where he will be pleased to see his old friends and customers. 8-27-3

Mrs. Walton of Washington D. C., wife of a late brother of F. G. Walton, is a guest of her niece, Mrs. Claude R. Keyport and family.

Miss Francis Preston accompanied her cousin, Miss Margaret McKay to her home in Flint for a short visit. Miss McKay has been visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Woodfield.

Health Officer Harrington made a thorough fumigation of the school buildings Monday, and every room from basement to the rooms on the upper floors, is now in a good sanitary condition.

Miss Hetty Baihoff of Bay City spent Sunday here at the home of her parents. She, accompanied by Miss Mary Corrigan, also of Bay City, left for Mackinaw Island Tuesday morning for a few days outing.

Miss Hazel O'Neil of Cheboygan arrived on Tuesday and will enter training for a nurse at Mercy hospital. She is a niece of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Cassidy, and has been an employee of the Cheboygan Telephone Exchange.

Holger Jensen arrived from Valler, Montana, on Friday last and is a new bookkeeper at the R. Hanson & Sons office at T-town. Mr. Jensen is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Jens Jensen, and graduated from the high school here.

To the electors of Crawford county: Having received the largest number of votes of any candidate on the ticket at the Primary I desire to thank you for your loyal support.

Sincerely Yours, JOHN J. NIDDERER, County Clerk.

Mr. and Mrs. Hector McKinnon and children left on Tuesday for their home in East Jordan, after a several days' visit, guests at the home of their cousin, Frank Gierke. Miss Beatrice Gierke accompanied them home for a short visit.

Mrs. Olaf Michelson was hostess to a number of ladies on Wednesday afternoon in honor of a few out-of-town guests. "500" was the entertainment. Mrs. Rogers having the highest score. It was a very pretty affair and much enjoyed by those present.

The base ball game last Sunday, between the Gaylord Independents and the Cheboygan Tannery team at the latter place resulted in a score of 4 to 2 in Gaylord's favor. The batteries for Cheboygan were Laurent and Clark, and for Gaylord were Hall and Longdo.

This year's Arenac county fair, which will be held at Standish Sept. 16, 17, 18 bids to be the best ever. Among the attractions are some fast horse races with \$700 in purses, day-light fireworks, 2 ball games and a big midway. Everything is in readiness to take care of record breaking crowds.

Thomas Shaw, on his way home from down town last Saturday night was held up near the Catholic church and his money demanded of him. Mr. Shaw had bought a saw while down town and at this time it became useful, as he struck the intruder over the head, knocking him down, and went on his way home.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Kidd, who have been resorting at Portage for the past three weeks, came home Sunday evening. They occupied the Lars Rasmussen cottage at the Danish landing. Mr. Kidd has a gasoline launch and pulled three very large dead heads out of the lake, which are very dangerous in the water. Mr. Powell also pulled out several large dead head logs.

Japan's ultimatum to Germany, requesting the withdrawal of her battleships from Chinese waters, or their disarmament, and also the relinquishment of her province of Kiaochow, caused quite a stir amongst certain elements, who professed to see grave menace to the United States in the action. The administration, however, was fully advised of the contemplated move and intends to remain neutral in the matter, as they have the assurance of the Japanese government that Kiaochow will be restored to the Chinese Empire.

Use our want ad columns—5c per line.

## SCHOOL DAYS WILL SOON BE HERE

We are showing a strong line of Boys' "Best Ever" School Suits. These are the best grade of boys' school suits made. Every

**BEST-EVER**

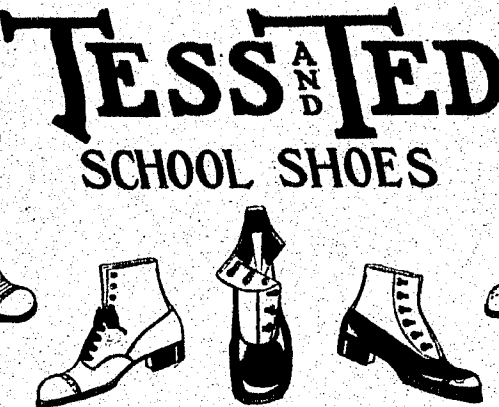
garment guaranteed all wool. The very latest Norfolk styles are shown, some with two pair of knickers. Sizes 6 to 18—\$3.00 and up to \$7.50.

**BOYS' SCHOOL CAPS**  
25c and 50c

"Black Cat" Hosiery for Boys and Girls—They wear like iron.....

15c  
AND  
25c

Boys' Knickers — Big assortment — 25c up.



We carry the best School Shoes made. Every pair guaranteed. New fall line now ready in Boys', Girls' and Childrens'.

### LADIES' SHOES

in the new fall styles are here---Gun Metals and Patents with the new heels and brocaded tops---Star Brand. Values at \$2.00 and up to \$4.00.

### MENS' NEW SHOES

Our line of Dress Shoes for men is the largest we have ever shown---all the new models are here---guaranteed makes only, at \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50 up to \$5

Men's New Fall Hats are now on display---Snappy Styles at \$1.00 to \$3.00

## GRAYLING MERCANTILE CO.

"THE QUALITY STORE."

Mrs. Ray Filkins of Bay City was a pleasant guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter McNeven over Sunday last.

Mrs. Clark Hoppough of Ionia returned to her home the fore part of last week, after a short visit here the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Frank Dreese.

The Misses Flossie Neuenfelt and Mabel Yanna came down from Lewis-ton on Monday for a visit of a week or more. The former is a guest at the Crowley home and the latter a guest at the home of Miss Estella Fogelsonger.

The Danish Young People's Society are making great preparations for the convention which will begin here tomorrow morning at 9:00. Members of all societies from the different cities around Lake Michigan will be in attendance. They will begin to arrive this afternoon and this evening they will be entertained at Danebod hall with a lecture. The society expects about a hundred guests in all. Every evening during the convention there will be entertainment of some kind. On Saturday the guests will be taken to Portage Lake to visit the encampment grounds and on Sunday they will spend the day at the resort. A high school teacher, Mr. Begstrup, from Denmark, is expected to be here. He has not yet arrived in New York, but if he gets here in time will help to entertain the young people. Among the guests expected are Rev. Rasmussen of Ashland; Rev. Holst of Ludington; Rev. Anderson of Chicago and Rev. Stockholm of Juhl. The convention will close Sunday evening, Aug. 30th.

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## FARMER WHO MAKES SUCCESS IN ALL BRANCHES OF FARM WORK



Emil Brehm Farm Home in Osceola County.

One of the notable examples in northern Michigan of the all-around farmer is Emil Brehm of Sherman township, Osceola county, six miles south of Cadillac. It is worth to be said that in the present day and age of the world a farmer must be a specialist if he would succeed, just as men in other lines are said to be the most successful if they specialize.

Mr. Brehm does not specialize, unless it might be said that he specializes in all lines of farm work, for he is a success in all branches of farm work. His real specialty is hard work, and lots of it. He commenced farm life by working for others at a small compensation, but as soon as he was financially able he commenced buying farm land and he has never outgrown that habit. He has one of the largest farms in northwestern Michigan.

Fruit raising, stock raising, and general farming are seen at their best on the Brehm farm. He understands



Stock Raising in Wexford County.

the German methods of intensive farming and practices them on his own lands. His grounds are well kept and his buildings reveal unmistakable evidences of thrift. An early market is understood by Mr. Brehm to be one of the important things for the farmer, and he can usually be accounted an early bird, getting into Cadillac with seasonable produce about as early as any, with resultant good prices.

### PLUM AS IS A PLUM.

Leo M. Geismar, Houghton county farm expert, visited the Catholic mission at Assinins, Baraga county, recently and returned to Houghton as enthusiastic as any man could be. He claims, and has the proof to make it look well, that Baraga mission grows a plum that far surpasses any plum ever received in his city from California or Oregon, the states that grow the so-called famous plums of this country.

Mr. Geismar has seen none of the kind in any nursery in the United States to compare with it. He first learned of this fruit last year. He did not investigate the same until a few days ago, when he made a trip for that purpose. The plum is a European product probably planted by Father Baraga after the time he founded the mission. There is only one tree of that species planted at Baraga. It has borne fruit every year regularly.

Mr. Geismar lost no time in preserving the tree. He did not take any chances of having that unusual plum tree extinguished and soon budded 150 trees on the farm of J. C. Mann. Next year he will propagate several hundred more. There is a fine orchard at the mission, including six Japanese plum trees.

Another evidence of the fruit possibilities in Houghton county was found by Mr. Geismar when he discovered

### INCREASE THE FARM YIELDS

How an Old Field, of Apparently Exhausted Fertility, Was Renewed in Very Few Years.

Lost some man depend over the ability of America to feed her people, we relate the following story of a field. In 1885 this field was old, worn and unprofitable. Thus early pioneer farmers and seemingly exhausted its fertility. Next it lay in grass for a

### FARMERS HELP HOG CHOLERA

Exchange of Work Chiefly Responsible for Spread of Disease, Says Department of Agriculture.

The farmer himself is the largest single factor in the spread of hog cholera, according to data collected from four demonstration areas by the department of agriculture. The exchange of work is chiefly responsible for this, says an animal pathologist

at the University farm. Helping a neighbor haul exposed hogs and afterward using the same wagon to shuck corn is a fairly certain method of getting cholera. Visiting a sick herd for any reason whatever is a poor practice. The vendor of stock foods and powders seeks the sick herds and is a likely carrier of infection. Know positively where the family dog is at night. If loose, he may be miles away and bring home his load of germs. In the winter, crows have a liking for feed lots and

### MONEY IN RAISING SHEEP.

There are many sparsely settled sections of the United States, especially along the Appalachian range of mountains, where raising sheep would pay. There is also much unoccupied land in Michigan that is admirably adapted to this industry.

C. C. Gage of Ogemaw county, a sparsely populated region, has had great success in northeastern Michigan. Five years ago he purchased land in that county on which he has raised sheep and done general farming. Last season he wintered 4,200 ewes that had grazed on about 2,000 acres during the summer.

The sheep were not stabled during the winter, their feed having been hay and ensilage spread out on the snow. With the present advance in the price of wool, and with favorable results of the lamb crop, Mr. Gage expects to get about \$20,000 from his sheep this year.

In speaking of the possibilities of the district, Mr. Gage says, "I have visited nearly every state in the North, West and middle West and consider northeastern Michigan the best stock and general farming section I have ever seen. I have owned my ranch for five years and the price of the land has constantly increased. I would not sell, for I consider my holdings a gilt-edge investment."

Of course such a business can be profitably conducted only on large farms. For joint stock investments of this nature, with proper management, there are now many golden opportunities in this country.

### FARM BOY'S CAMP.

The first Michigan farm boy's camp is to be held at Torch lake in the Grand Traverse Bay region. It is the regular camping place for the state camps and is away from all unhealthy resort places.

The purpose of this camp is to bring together representative farm boys from over the state to discuss problems of rural life and to prepare for places of leadership.

Besides the regular camp routine and routine and recreational activities outlined in the daily program two hours per day will be given to the consideration of special farm topics. Farm experts will have charge of these rural sections, and several men of national reputation have been asked to be present.

### AVERAGE HAY CROP.

Iron mountain information is that the hay crop in that part of the state will be an average one, the late rains having helped conditions when a nearly total failure was looked for. Corn has been backward, but the hot, muggy weather of the past few weeks has resulted in phenomenal growth.

The prediction is made that the potato crop will also be a large one. Oats are maturing finely and the crop is an assured success. For some reason the fruit crop is not so promising as usual. Many trees that were well laden a year ago are barren this season. This is particularly true of fall apples. As a whole, the crops in Dickinson county compare favorably with those of past seasons.

### FARM BECOMES GAME REFUGE.

Odell Chapman of Owosso has turned his farm, consisting of between 1,300 and 1,400 acres into a big game refuge. The state law providing game reserves restricts the area thereof to 640 acres. To comply with this and

term of years, gaining apparently little fertility, the grass being unfed. In the '90s it was underdrained, lightly manured, limed, given phosphorus and sown to alfalfa. Since then it has had a rotation of corn and alfalfa, the corn yielding often as much as eighty bushels to the acre on the alfalfa sod. Finally the field was sown in wheat, giving it a fairly liberal application of phosphorus and a pinch of nitrogen in the fertilizer, and it promises a yield of more than forty bushels to the acre. Nothing extraordinary has

yet got his entire farm in, Mr. Chapman set aside a strip of land totalling 640 acres, running around his farm, thus making it necessary for anyone who gets into the land not described in the application filed with the game warden, to trespass on the game refuge.

Mr. Chapman declares there are many prairie chickens, pheasants, quail and rabbits on his farm. A large part of the land is under cultivation, although there is a piece of heavy timber land. He says he will leave buckwheat and corn standing for the birds to feed upon.

### BEEF INDUSTRY MAY CONTINUE.

Some sugar beet growers in Michigan can see the continuation of the sugar beet industry in spite of the fact that the tariff will be completely off this product in 1916. The sugar companies in the state have declared that after this season's crop of beets goes through the factories, the plants will be closed permanently or until the industry is protected again by a protective tariff.

Europe is the home of the sugar beet. Much more of the sugar manufactured there would probably come to this country with the tariff off than formerly. But now along comes the war. It is evident few crops will be raised in the warring countries until the contest is brought to an end. From present indications, the war will continue for some time, and during that time, American consumers will demand as much of the product as ever and without sugar to import, it must be manufactured here.

### ATWELL MEMORIAL CHURCH.

One of the most appreciated features of a most delightful northern Michigan resort is the Bishop Atwell Memorial church at Northport, located north of Traverse City. It is built in the woods at Northport Point resort. It was erected and is maintained by the resort colony, consisting of 40 cottages and a large hotel. Bishop Atwell, of the Protestant Episcopal church visited Northport Point for



Bishop Atwell Memorial Church at Northport Point.

many summers. After his death the rustic chapel was erected, and there every season the resorters attend worship services, being conducted by various ministers of the gospel, regardless of denomination. Northport takes great pride in the church, because the memory of Bishop Atwell is deeply revered.

### GET RID OF THE HESSIAN FLY.

As long ago as 1856 a prominent farmer in Silver Creek, Gass county, reported the visit of the Hessian fly in his wheat fields, with the result that his crop was shortened thereby, and this at a time when he needed the "wheat money" to pay for his farm. Since then the fly has appeared at intervals, apparently owing its existence here to the fact that just enough farmers sow their wheat early enough to give it a foothold.

If every farmer would sow his wheat late, say the last of September, there would be no flies to hurt it in the spring, and then the pest would finally be wiped out. It is the farmer who sows early who causes trouble, and while he suffers he also brings ruin to his neighbors.

### A THRIVING BEAN PLANT.

Flowering bean at Lookout lodge, the beautiful home of Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Beaver, at Dowagiac, has attained a height that bids fair to out rival the famous stalk used by the fakir to reach the domain of the terrible giant. Notwithstanding the dry weather, the plant has climbed nearly the entire distance up a 16-foot pole that was placed for its convenience. Its leaves are a bright green, while the flowers are profuse, and the black pods are marked with bright red spots. The beans themselves are about one inch in length and half an inch in breadth.

ever been done to this field, since it was taken the second time into cultivation; it has produced heavy crops nearly every year, and now its bread-yielding capacity is quadruple what it was when "worn out" in 1865. What has happened to it is indicative of what may be brought to pass on thousands of wheat fields. More limestone, more phosphorus, more legumes and live stock, then the fields remaining to be devoted to wheat can return probably three times their present yield.

range a long distance. The old medical injunction, to "clean out, clean up, and keep clean" should be applied to cholera outbreaks. Make a practice of burning at once every animal that dies on the farm. Serum is not the largest weapon in the fight against cholera.—Extension News Service, College of Agriculture, Lincoln, Neb.

Onions From Seed. Growing onions from seed is cheaper and the results are as good as when grown from sets.

## SCANDINAVIAN NEWS

### SUMMARY OF IMPORTANT HAPPENINGS IN FAR OFF NORTHWEST.

#### ITEMS FROM THE OLD HOME

Resume of the Most Important Events in Sweden, Norway and Denmark—Of Interest to the Scandinavians in America.

The maintenance of Scandinavian neutrality in the face of the European war promises to effect a permanent Swedish-Norwegian alliance. An official statement has been issued setting forth that the two governments have mutually agreed to go to the extremes in order to maintain their neutrality and have exchanged formal assurances with a view to making it impossible for the state of war existing in Europe to cause these kingdoms to take hostile measures against each other. As an outcome of this agreement the Swedish and Norwegian general staffs are working on a plan for the joint defense of the peninsula, which it is expected will eventually result in a permanent alliance. The liberals have abandoned their opposition to the government's plan for defense.

Word was received of the arrest at Osterlund, in northern Sweden, of Julia Kos, an Austrian woman, who is accused of being a spy in the service of Russia. She is said to have traveled throughout Norway on horseback. Photographs of Norwegian fortresses were found in her possession.

#### SWEDEN.

The department of health is making inquiries into the effects of the excessive use of coffee in Sweden. All of the provincial physicians and most of the city physicians have expressed themselves on the subject. It is generally admitted that the excessive use of this beverage is actually threatening the health of the people, especially among laborers of small means. The direct result is stomach troubles of different kinds and even tuberculosis. Some doctors claim that the temperance movement has contributed to this abuse, and that coffee will soon do more damage than liquor. In this connection it is claimed that stomach troubles are very common among the temperance people. It is proposed to cut down the consumption of coffee, some doctors going so far as to advocate the prohibition of the importation of this favorite beverage.

A company of Swedish ladies and gentlemen who were on a visit to Christiania, Norway, spent one day at Llan, an idyllic sylvan resort near the city. When they had selected a fine spot for their stay one of the ladies put her hat up among the branches of a spruce tree for safe keeping. When she came to fetch her hat in the evening there was a squirrel's nest with several young ones in it. After talking the matter over for a little while the four gentlemen in the party agreed to buy a new hat for the lady in case she would wait for it until they reached the city. The offer was cheerfully accepted, and so the kingdom of Norway has half a dozen more squirrels, thanks to the loving kindness of four Swedish gentlemen.

Prof. G. de Geer, at the Stockholm high school, has called the attention of the government to a matter which is of great importance to Swedish culture. In 1859 Prof. E. J. Langman, a Finnlander, willed large sums of money to Sweden and Finland to be used for educational purposes. The Swedes have not spent any of the money, but it has been managed so well that the amount is considerably more than one million dollars. Prof. de Geer thinks it is time for Sweden to make use of the money according to the conditions on which it was given. Finland has commenced to use its share of the gift for publishing scientific works.

Anders Karlsson of Bjurby is supposed to be the most famous tramp in Sweden. He is seventy years old, and for 40 years past he has tramped up and down through Europe. He is pretty well acquainted in different parts of Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Germany, England, France and Austria, and has made trips to Italy, Spain and Russia. As a rule he has not been compelled to beg, and he has been kindly treated everywhere except in England. He intends to spend the balance of his life making a closer inspection of his own dear Sweden.

The water in the Swedish lakes and rivers has been much lower than the average this summer owing to the light rainfall.

The fire at Waldenström's mission school in Stockholm caused a damage amounting to about \$25,000. Reverend Waldenström fought the fire so hard that it was feared that it would permanently injure his health, but fortunately this fear was groundless.

The last course of instruction for young people who wish to enter the service of the post office department was attended by 174 men and 94 women. At the close of the term only 49 men were appointed to positions.

It was stated that both Germany and Russia made inquiries as to whether Sweden would remain neutral. Germany's note was brief, merely demanding to know whether Sweden was for or against us. The ministers declined to say what reply was given, but they are preparing to defend the nation's neutrality.

The Salvation Army of Sweden has just held its national congress in Stockholm. Many prominent officers from abroad were in attendance.

#### DENMARK.

In 1806 a farm was sold from the Stovringgaard monastery property on condition that the farm should pay 30 bushels of barley a year as a tax. A few years ago the farm was divided upon into smaller parcels. A man who bought one of these parcels has been sued for a certain proportion of 30 bushels of barley, and the courts decided that he must pay it because the deed does not release the land from the tax fixed in the year 1806.

A great many Danish farm houses have been struck by lightning this summer. This is such a common occurrence in Denmark that the farmers are on the alert during every thunderstorm. But in spite of their watchfulness many houses and hundreds of head of stock have been lost by fires started by thunderbolts.

The late Consul Johnsen of Thisted left a bequest of \$31,000 for the establishment of a home of recreation for the benefit of poor people in Thisted. He also donated smaller sums of money to other institutions, and turned his stock in the Eskol plantation over to the municipality of Thisted.

Denmark has called six classes of soldiers to the colors. It is announced that the strictest neutrality will be enforced.

#### NORWAY.

A notable family reunion took place the other day at Storli, near the Elidet railway station. A large portion of the Storli family were present in honor of the memory of the leading ancestor of the family, Jonas Mosen, who was the first one of the family to settle at Storli. This was in the year 1760. His descendants have raised a monument, "haukasten," in his honor at this place, and the unveiling of it was a part of the program on the occasion. Jonas Mosen Storli had two daughters and four sons. The oldest was Svend. He was the head of the Svendsen family, most of whose members live in Aalen, in northern Norway, and in America. The youngest of the sons, Magnus Lie, became chief of police of Trondheim, and was sometimes called "the king of Trondheim." The Storli family has produced many lawyers and constables. Some are artisans, farmers or artists. The most famous of them all was Jonas Lie, one of the most popular novel writers that Norway ever produced. Peder Svendsen, who has been a member of the storting, is one of the most noted temperance speakers in Norway. Many others have been prominent in politics. Edrik Lie, who made an address at the reunion, was certainly right in stating that the members of the family have been known as respectable people who took a pride in honest work. About 150 members of the family were present. "Such a reunion strengthens the feeling of kinship," says our authority.

Governor Hanna of North Dakota, in presenting a statue of Lincoln as a gift from his state to Norway, July 4, gave a brief outline of the history of the United States, leading up to the causes of the Civil war, and the important part taken by the war president, whose statue he had the honor to present to the country. His picture of Lincoln as a man and statesman was scholarly and able, and he was listened to with profound interest. He closed by formally presenting the monument to the president of the storting, Mr. Loveland, after which the silken cords which released the veil, and the audience broke into prolonged and sincere cheers. Peer Stromme of globe-trotting fame then made a short address, a eulogy on Lincoln, after which President Loveland accepted the gift on behalf of the Norwegian government, and imposed on the civic government of Christiania the obligation to take it into custody and guard it for all time.

Coal has been found at Helmalshagen, Haran, about 100 (English) miles north of Trondheim. The extent of the deposits is not known. A man named Ostby, who had been working in coal mines in America, made the discovery.

The Moelv cellulose factory has been closed, throwing about 50 men out of work. The reason is that the factory has large quantities of cellulose on hand without any prospect of immediate sales.

Johan Anthonson has worked at the Nydalen woolen and cotton mills for 60 years. He is seventy-five years old, but is still doing fine service as a foreman. He is a native of Drobak.

Northern Norway has cut a big, fine crop of bay. The other crops also look very fine. At the same time large masses of herring are hugging the shore at Lyngen and Kjos.

The late Morten Ankrum of Elverum left \$14,000 to different benevolent institutions. The interest on \$11,000 of this amount shall be given to young people of Tonset who wish to study agriculture, forestry, domestic industry or other practical branches.

At Kjarvangeund a man caught 108 salmon in his seine one night. The haul represented a value of about \$135. But this is by no means the largest catch of the season. One man caught salmon for \$375 in one night.

The peace monument at the boun dary line between Norway and Sweden, between Charlottenberg and Magnor, is almost finished. It will be unveiled August 16. One of the speakers will be Bishop von Scheele of Sweden.

The Norwegian steamer Tysla of 2,905 tons struck a mine outside the Dutch island of Wieringen. The explosion shattered her stern, but the captain managed to run her on the beach.

## Fundamental Principles of Health

By ALBERT S. GRAY, M.D.

(Copyright, 1914, by A. S. Gray)  
ORGANIC FOOD.

Most of the trouble we get into and practically all our illness is due to the fact that we persist in seeing things as we think they are, rather than as they actually exist. Either we are unable to see or we refuse to recognize existing conditions until we are forced to admit we did not comprehend what we believed.

We know that inorganic life preceded the organic and it is quite definitely settled that the secret of organic life is bound up in the action of chlorophyll, the green coloring matter of plants. It is exactly analogous to the red coloring matter of our blood, which is known as hemoglobin. Chlorophyll, under the action of sunlight, condenses and converts inorganic matter into food for organic life. From the primitive inorganic matter under the influence of sunlight the green plants prepare starches, sugars, oils and proteid materials which constitute the substance of various plant species, and man either directly or indirectly lives on this plant life. We are absolutely without ability to live directly on inorganic matter.

Admitting our dependence on plant life, it is curious that we do not more readily grasp and profit by the close analogies to be drawn between plant and animal.

The vital fluid of the plant we call sap; the vital fluid of man we call blood, but blood and sap are the same in function. Each circulates through the body and acts as the common carrier to convey food to the individual cells and to carry away the refuse. The problems of life itself can be solved only by the study of what takes place in the minute portions of the individual cells.

We know that if soil is not rich—that is, if it does not contain food matter—it will not produce much in the way of a crop return.

The application of these facts is easily seen in the case of human malnutrition. If one is run down, weak and anemic, it is found that the blood is deficient in iron and perhaps in other mineral salts—although up to the present time but little attention has been given to anything but iron—and an effort is made to supply the deficiency by giving the patient some form of inorganic iron.

Anemia is well known to be a most difficult disease to combat, and with-out doubt the reason for this is that we have been trying to do the impossible. We have been trying to force our digestive organs to assimilate inorganic matter and our organization was never constructed to achieve that end. We have reached the present stage of animal development by eating vegetable matter containing iron and other organized elements or by eating other animals that have eaten vegetable matter containing iron. So far we have been successful. All the mice on the artificial iron diet died before the thirty-third day of the experiment, while the other group of mice fed with iron as prepared by nature lived and gained in weight.

The same principle applies in the matter of meat diet. Foster fed dogs on ash-free fats and carbohydrates and on meats from which the salts had been extracted by soaking in distilled water, and the animals died in from twenty-six to thirty-six days. It is clear from this that it is just as important that we have mineral matter in our blood as it is that the plants shall have it in their sap, and it is due to the fact that we are not receiving these elements in normal amount that we are having so much illness.

We are slowly starving ourselves into disease during the greater part of our lives simply because we do not know and will not take the trouble to learn some vitally necessary facts.

#### DEFICIENT FOOD.

Truth and popularity are not synonymous, as any one will testify who has tried to tell the truth and follow it, especially in the field of the practice of medicine.

#### SAYS BRIDGE DWARFS MIND

Victim Says He Found Nothing But Puerile Discourse and Cheap Talk at Card Table.

I can never in this world get back the things that bridge has cost me. Money? Not that, so much. But time, and opportunity, and intellectual refinements and pleasures, and the good society of worth-while people, and a thousand other good things Bridge has a way of dulling sensibilities. This must be so. How else would men and women, quick to take offense and slow to be appeased in social and business life, calmly submit to bullying and polite scolding during a game of bridge?

There is a bigger aspect of the cost of bridge than the merely financial one. The most vicious assault that bridge made upon me was the smallness of mind that was gradually forced upon me. It averts itself in a limited outlook, a puerile and fading discourse, and a volume of cheap talk and reminiscences. Those reminiscences! The Lord forgive us! There

It is not flattering to our vanity to believe that when we are ill we are paying a just and inevitable penalty for transgressions; we much prefer to consider ourselves victims of dark and mysterious forces rather than to face the bald, unvarnished facts.

Once admit the absurdity of putting something into our bodies to chase something else out, and the obligation to make a personal struggle for better conditions becomes most emphatic and we can no longer throw the burden on "the other fellow." It comes as a decided jolt to be told: "It is up to you; think and fight or you are gone." But the facts are clear and convincing and to all who have the wisdom, the courage and the persistence to pursue the quest for health to a logical conclusion there is the certain reward of a longer, a happier and a more efficient life.

According to the published tables of the British army medical department and of the Inspector general of recruiting, the minimum height of recruits accepted in 1848 was five feet six inches; in 1883 this minimum was reduced to five feet three inches and in 1900 it was still further reduced to five feet, making a total reduction of six inches within a period of 52 years.

In 1901 no fewer than 533.4 of each 1,000 recruits were under five feet six inches, and 511.8 of each 1,000 were under the 1883 minimum chest measurement of 34 inches. According to the measurements of the anthropometric committee of the British association, the average recruit of the year 1900 at the age of nearly twenty years was two inches shorter and 15 pounds lighter than the average standard youth of 19 years ago. Why?

The results of the most thorough and careful investigation by the government authorities and by various organizations and individuals into the cause of this dangerous condition are summed up in one short word—starvation. It is exactly the same cause that results in small and easily blighted crops of vegetables and in stunted and unprofitable live stock. This condition is not necessarily due to a lack in the quantity of food, but is more often the result of an unwise selection, because of lack of knowledge concerning food materials or to indifference and carelessness in their preparation.

It has long been known that the heart of a frog or a terrapin may be kept beating normally for hours after its removal from the body, provided it is supplied with an artificial circulation of blood or lymph, so arranged that this liquid enters the heart from a reservoir and is pumped out through the arteries leading from the ventricle, the heart chamber connecting with the arterial system. Ludwig first reasoned out and proved that the same action could be secured from a solution of the ash of blood in water, and Ringer afterward proved that the heart of the frog can be kept beating for long periods in a circulation of a mixture of sodium, potassium and calcium. Subsequently Howell, Loeb and others attempted to prove or analyze the part played by the several elements. It was shown that a frog's heart fed with a solution of sodium chloride, our ordinary table salt, will beat well for awhile and then will gradually weaken and die; but if at this point the heart is fed a mixture of sodium, potassium and calcium salts it resumes the beat and works vigorously and well for many hours.

Two Rumanian physiologists, Athanasius and Gradinesco, report that they succeeded in maintaining the beat of a frog's heart detached from the body in glass—in vitro, as it is technically termed—for a period of 23 days. Carrel has maintained the functioning of the entire abdominal contents of a cat in glass, entirely detached from the body to which it belonged, the heart action, digestion and all other vital functions continuing in full operation for a period of ten days. All these results are made possible by feeding the tissues carefully adjusted proportions of sodium, potassium and calcium, together with oxygen.

It is very clear that these salts play a most important part in the rhythmic beat of the heart and that the presence of each of these salts in normal proportion is absolutely necessary for normal heart activity, therefore for normal health and vitality. Yet in the face of all these known and proved facts there are not wanting "food experts" who unqualifiedly assert that foods wanting in these important elements are perfectly healthful and nutritious.

Lack of public information on these important points or indifference to them is responsible for England's physical degeneration as shown in its army and navy records, and a survey of conditions in this country will show similar action in progress here. Obviously any conditions that will decrease the heart beat and power must affect digestion, assimilation and general physical vigor and lead to anemia, neurasthenia and all their allied evils, which we then seek to overcome by taking "medicine."

may be merit and human interest in such reminiscences as Napoleon's of Austerlitz, and Lee's of the Wilderness battles; but what possible virtue can be found in a bridge fiend's minute recitation on how he played that last hand in the game when So-and-So was his partner, when it was game-all, and he held six spades, etc.? There is anything in the universe more piffling than this sort of air-jamming? And yet it is not what you are hearing, you accomplished bridge-er, about six or seven days in the week?—Owen Hatters in the Smart Set.

Half the Battle. "If I were you," said the old back-slasher to the benedict, "I'd either rule or know why." "Well," was the reply, "as I already know why, suppose that's half the battle."—Atlanta Constitution.

Those With Records to Mide. "The poet is dead," exclaimed the poet. "Not half so dead as some people would like it to be," said the poet's coooper.



## MOTHER OF SCHOOL GIRL

Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Daughter's Health.

Flower, Iowa. "From a small child my 18 year old daughter had female weakness. I spoke to three doctors about it and they did not help her any. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had been of great benefit to me, so I decided to have her give it a trial. She has taken five bottles of the Vegetable Compound and according to directions on the bottle and she is cured of this trouble. She was all run down when she started taking the Compound and her periods did not come right. She was so poorly and weak that I often had to help her dress herself, but now she is regular and is growing strong and healthy."—Mrs. MARTIN HELVIG, Flower, Iowa.



Hundreds of such letters expressing gratitude for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished are constantly being received, proving the reliability of this grand old remedy.

If you are ill do not drag along and continue to suffer day in and day out but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a woman's remedy for woman's ills.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

## Safe and Sure

should be your relief from indigestion, biliousness, or constipation. Known to be reliable and famous for their prompt and certain efficacy—are

## Beecham's Pills

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

Alameda, Cal., municipal electric lighting plant takes in \$176,000 a year and spends \$112,000.

Los Angeles municipal employment bureau in the last year have found jobs for 16,542 persons.

Ten smiles for a nickel. Always buy Red Cross Ball Blue; have beautiful clear white clothes. Adv.

Keeping Bird the Worms. The early bird gets the worm. "I wish a few of them would take office hours in my apple tree."

For the Worthy Poor. "By the way," said Mrs. De Style. "Yes!" "Do you know of any poor persons who would care for a discarded long-nette?"—Puck.

Same Meaning. "Mother, what does it mean when you read about escaping 'Scylla' only to get into worse trouble with 'Charybdis'?" asked Mrs. Baker's young hopeful.

Mrs. Baker looked appealingly at her husband. "It's like this, Willie," exclaimed his father, coming to his wife's rescue. "It means that just as soon as we get through paying ice bills, we have to buy coal!"

Unmade History. At the president's first call for troops, militants took the field with ardor. All they asked was to be shown the enemy.

But the casualties of the ensuing campaign were appalling. The resources of the Red Cross were pitifully inadequate. At times half the combatants were seriously if not mortally freckled.

Inevitably spirits drooped. A pickle and a banana were added to the daily ration, but the response was not commensurate with the expense.

"What shall it profit a woman to prove that she can fight as well as a man and lose her complexion?" soldiers were heard to ask one another ominously.

## Summer Days

Call for a dainty, wholesome food—such as

## Post Toasties

with cream.

There's little work, and much satisfaction in every package of these crisp bits of perfectly cooked and toasted Indian Corn.

Appetizing flavor, substantial nourishment and convenience of serving are all found in Post Toasties.

Sold by Grocers

## NAMUR TAKEN BY INVADING ARMY OF THE KAISER

Strongest Fortified City Falls Before Onrushing Germans

### OFFENSIVE MOVEMENTS OF ALLIES ARE REPULSED

French War Office Admits That Forces Have Been Driven to Covering Positions But Denies That Losses Are Serious.

London—Namur has fallen. The fortress on which the allies placed their main dependence to hold in check the advancing hordes of the German main strength after they had swept past Liege, has given way before the advance of the enemy.

The news came as a surprise, but was officially confirmed. The war office in giving out the tidings, added this note:

"This necessitates the withdrawal of a portion of the allied troops from the line of the Sambre to their original defensive position on the French frontier."

Namur is at the junction of the Meuse and Sambre rivers. Its fall without a word of warning or the long siege that was deemed necessary to reduce it to submission before the German advance, indicates that the attack must have been sudden, sharp and terrific and that the main strength of the German field forces must have been centered for the time being on this one objective.

This is the first important move in the great battle that has engaged the German army and the allied forces of France and England along a hundred-mile front since last Saturday.

French Admit Falling Back. Paris—The French war office issued the following announcement Monday night:

"The French and English, the plan of attack having failed owing to unforeseen difficulties, have retired on the covering positions."

"West of the Meuse, the English army on our left was attacked by the Germans, but behaved admirably, holding its ground with traditional steadfastness."

"The French assumed the offensive with two army corps. An African brigade in the front line, carried away by their eagerness, were received by a murderous fire. They did not give an inch, but, counter-attacked by the Prussian guard, they were obliged to retire, only, however, after inflicting enormous losses. The Prussian guard especially suffered heavily."

"East of the Meuse our troops advanced across an extremely difficult country and made a vigorous attack when they emerged from the woods, but were obliged to fall back after a stiff fight south of the River Sambre."

"On order of Gen. Joffre our troops and the British troops withdrew to the covering positions. Our troops are intact; our cavalry has in no way suffered and our artillery has affirmed its superiority. Our officers and soldiers are in the best of condition, morally and physically."

"As a result of the orders which have been issued, the aspect of the struggle will change for a few days. The French army will remain for a time on the defensive, but at the right moment, to be decided upon by the commander in chief, it will resume a vigorous offensive."

"Our losses are heavy; it would be premature to enumerate them. It would be equally so to enumerate those of the Germans, who suffered so heavily that they were obliged to abandon their counter attacks and establish themselves in fresh positions in Lorraine."

"We delivered four attacks Monday from our positions north of Nancy, inflicting very heavy loss on the enemy."

"In regard to the general situation we have the full use of our railroads and retain command of the seas. Our operations have enabled the Russians to come into action and penetrate the heart of west Prussia. It is to be regretted that the offensive operations planned failed to achieve their purpose as a result of difficulties impossible to foresee. It would have shortened the war, but our defenses remain intact in the presence of an already weakened enemy."

Japan Declared War. Tokyo—Japan declared and begun war on Germany Sunday with an order to the Japanese army and navy to capture Kiauchau, Germany's Chinese holding, immediately.

Official news of the situation of the

Rome—The Italian government announced that the Duke of Abruzzi has been appointed commander-in-chief of the Italian navy. This is an important step in this country's preparations for war.

Nish, Serbia—The Serbian army is pursuing the Austrian army which was defeated Sunday and inflicting severe losses on the invaders, according to semi-official advices here. The Serbians captured six guns in an assault on the retreating left wing of the Austrian army.

Paris—The great square fronting the Invalides in Paris presented a striking spectacle Friday when 18,000 foreign volunteers assembled in order to form under the flag of their various nations to be mustered in. There were 4,000 Jews from all countries who desired to serve as a separate command; there were also 3,000 Belgians, 4,500 Italians, 2,000 Russians, 1,000 Swiss, 1,000 Spaniards, 600 Roumanians, 215 Luxemburgians and 126 Americans.

## ENGLAND'S WARPLANE OF THE AIR



This armed sky-cruiser is the best equipped of England's fighters of the air. The pilot is above and the gunner below, with his gun so mounted that it can be pointed in any direction.

Japanese fleet and transports is lacking, but because of the preparations which have been in progress since Japan sent her ultimatum to the Kaiser's government last Sunday, it is believed that everything was ready for the attack on Kiauchau when the time limit of the ultimatum expired Saturday night and that the attack already has been begun.

The Japanese expeditionary forces sent to Kiauchau are under the command of Vice-Admiral Kamimura. In official circles it is estimated that they will take three months to reduce Tsingtau, which is well garrisoned and provisioned for a siege.

The area of hostilities extends over China eastward of the Yellow river. The Japanese will proceed to place all Germans under surveillance. Already they are ejecting Germans from Mukden, Chang-Chun and Dainy. Doubtless similar action will be taken at Tien-Tsin.

The proclamation of the emperor sent a thrill through the country. Japan's entrance on the fulfillment of her obligations to her ally, Great Britain, responds to the popular will from one end of the land to the other. Cheering crowds assembled before the buildings occupied by the department of foreign affairs and the administration of the navy. Sunday evening there were lantern processions through the streets. The popular manifestations, however, do not approach the enthusiasm which preceded the war with Russia.

Count von Rex, the German ambassador, has been handed his passports. The Austrian cruiser Kaiserin Elizabeth, which latterly was at Tientsin, the seaport to have sailed. She perhaps will go to a neutral port and disarm. It is believed this action will keep Austria out of the war in the Orient, although unforeseen circumstances may force Japan to change this policy.

No action has been taken relative to Austria, and the foreign office has explained that Japan will remain friendly unless Austria should adopt an attitude which it would regard as offensive.

Russia Claims Victorious Advance. St. Petersburg—It is claimed that Russia is moving fast in Austria and eastern Prussia. An army of invasion, numbering hundreds of thousands and comprising the picked forces of the Russian military forces, is penetrating the frontiers at a number of points, the exact location of which is withheld.

The war office declare that the enemy is being slowly but surely pressed back. The Austrian opposition is admittedly not so serious as is the German. The official description of the fighting is "desperate."

Among the killed and wounded are London—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Co. sent from Vienna under Thursday's date, says that the Austrian government has issued a final call to arms for all able-bodied men from the ages of 20 to 42 years.

London, Ont.—According to word received here Friday from headquarters, the volunteers going from London, Sarnia and other points in the district will fight side by side with veterans of the British army. They are to be brigaded with British regiments and rushed to the front.

New York—About 15,000 men in this country will be affected by the instructions from England despatching that British reservists be gathered and returned home for army service. It was estimated by British consular officials.

London—Floating mines, planted by the German squadron in the North sea, have claimed two vessels. The Russian steamers Maryland and Borussia, plying from Copenhagen over British North sea routes, struck mines and sank.

reported some of the best known nobles of the empire. The crack regiments from St. Petersburg and Moscow, officered by members of the royal family and sons of nobles houses, have been in action in Prussia. These regiments are reported to have covered themselves with glory, riding through the Prussian forces, and carrying fortified positions, at a fearful cost to themselves. Only members of the families know of their loss, however, as the government refuses to post any lists of dead at this time.

The Russian advance into Prussia is following the line of the railway from Eydtkuhnen toward Konigsburg. It is already in the outskirts of Insterburg. Opposed is an entire division of German infantry, heavily supported by artillery. The Russian are forced to charge and take each advanced line of trenches at the point of the bayonet.

The Russian aerial corps, heretofore considered a negligible quantity, has covered itself with glory. It is announced that military aviators, carrying staff officers, have flown far into the interior of both Germany and Austria. High explosives have been dropped on military storehouses and the general topography of the country, and the secret fortifications, have been accurately mapped.

The main invasion of Austria is through the Styrian valley. Sweeping successes are reported in this section. The army has penetrated 35 miles inland, in the general direction of Lemberg, capital of Galicia. Practically continuous fighting has occurred, with the war office claiming a sweeping victory at Krasne, only 35 miles from Lemberg.

In this fighting it is declared that an Austrian division was completely routed, and that 17 guns and more than 1,500 prisoners were taken. The Russians are reported as following up their advance and to be pushing on toward Lemberg.

Story of German Occupation. Rotterdam—Details of the German occupation Thursday of Brussels were received Friday.

Burgomaster Max met the detachment of German cavalry which entered the city via the Louvain gate. He carried a white flag.

The commander expressed friendliness and promised if the inhabitants of Brussels made no attempt at resistance, that no harm should come to the city or its people.

### BRIEF NOTES OF WAR

Washington—Consul Thompson at Valls, Belgium, cabled the state department Saturday assurances of the safety of Americans in Belgium.

Washington—The emergency shipping bill, authorizing the admission of foreign built ships to American registry, was signed Saturday by President Wilson.

Paris—The ministry of war has definitely accepted the services of Anglo-American rough riders corps formed in Paris. They will act as scouts and interpreters for which latter service they are particularly skilled, as most of them speak four and five, even seven languages. It is announced. All have seen actual service and are expert horsemen.

New York—The United Fruit liner Almirante (British) put into New York Friday from Colon and Kingston, with out 34 members of the crew. They were Germans. Five of them deserted at Colon on the way down, and returning, 19 others were seized by the British authorities at Kingston.

## MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

Live Stock.

DETROIT—Cattle: Receipts, 942; good dry-fed and canners steady; all others 10¢ to 15¢ lower; quality common; best heavy steers \$1.50@1.75; best handy weight butcher steers, \$1.25@1.50; mixed steers and heifers, \$1.00@1.25; handy light butchers, \$1.00@1.25; best cows, \$1.00@1.25; butchers cows, \$1.00@1.25; common cows, \$1.00@1.25; canners, \$1.00@1.25; best heavy bulls, \$1.00@1.25; bologna bulls, \$1.00@1.25; stock bulls, \$1.00@1.25; feeders, \$1.00@1.25; stockers, \$1.00@1.25; milkers and springers, \$1.00@1.25. Veal calves, receipts 280; market \$1.00@1.25 lower; best, \$1.10@1.25; others, \$1.00@1.25.

Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 2,192; market dull; best lambs, \$1.00@1.25; fair lambs, \$1.00@1.25; light to common \$1.00@1.25.

Hogs: Receipts, 95; market active; all grades, \$9.00@9.25.

EAST BUFFALO—Receipts of cattle 5,000; market 25¢ lower; choice to prime shipping steers, \$9.50@9.75; fair to good, \$1.75@1.99; plain and coarse, \$1.50@1.75; choice to prime handy steers, \$1.50@1.75; fair to good, \$1.50@1.75; light common, \$1.50@1.75; best handy butchers, \$1.50@1.75; best fat cows, \$1.50@1.75; best to good, \$1.50@1.75; canners and cutters, \$1.50@1.75; selected feeders, \$1.50@1.75; fair to good, \$1.50@1.75; light and common, \$1.50@1.75; best heavy bulls, \$1.50@1.75; good butchering bulls, \$1.50@1.75; stock and medium, \$1.50@1.75; milkers and springers, \$1.50@1.75.

Hogs: Receipts, 13,000; market 10¢ to 15¢ lower; heavy, \$9.40@9.50; mixed and yorkers, \$9.50@9.55; pigs, \$8.50@9.

Sheep: Receipts, 6,000; market strong; top lambs, \$8.75@9; yearlings, \$10@11; culls and common, \$9.50@10; grassers, \$5@6.50.

Grains, etc.

DETROIT—Wheat, cash No. 2 red, \$1.00 1/2; September opened at an advance of 1¢ at \$1.01, advanced to \$1.02 and closed at \$1.01 1/2; December opened at \$1.05 1/4, advanced to \$1.06 1/4, advanced to \$1.13 1/4 and closed at \$1.12 3/4; No. 1 white, \$1; No. 2 white, 95¢.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 85¢ 1/2; No. 3 yellow, 2 cars at 85¢ 1/2, closing at 87¢ 1/2; No. 4 yellow, 85¢ 1/2.

Oats—Standard, 2 cars at 45¢; old standard, 47¢; No. 3 white, 2 cars at 44¢ 1/2; old No. 3 white, 46¢ 1/2; No. 4 white 1 car at 43¢ 1/2; old No. 4 white, 1 car at 44¢ 1/2.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 81¢.

Beans—Immediate, prompt and August shipment, \$2.75; October, \$2.25.

Cloverseed—Prime spot, \$10.40; October and December, \$10.75; prime alsike, 9¢; sample alsike, 24 bags at \$8.75; 12 at \$7.75.

Timothy—Prime spot, \$2.75.

Hay—Car lots, track Detroit; No. 1 timothy, \$18@16.50; standard, \$15@16.50; light mixed, \$15@16.50; No. 2 timothy, \$14@14.50; No. 3 timothy, \$12@13; No. 1 mixed, \$13@13.50; No. 2 mixed, \$12@13; No. 1 clover, \$12.50@13; No. 2 clover, \$11@12; rye straw \$8@8.50; wheat and oat straw, \$7@7.50 per ton.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 lbs. jobbing lots: Best patent, \$5.80; spring patent, \$5.80; rye flour, \$4.40 per bbl.

Feed—in 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$2; standard middlings, \$2; fine middlings, \$3; coarse cornmeal, \$2.30; cracked corn, \$3.50; corn and oat chop, \$3 per ton.

General Markets.

Pears—\$1.25@1.50 per bu.

Huckleberries—\$3.50@4 per bu.

Grapes—Michigan Champagnes, 15¢ per 1-lb basket.

Black Currants—\$4@4.50 per bu.

Peaches—Elberts, \$2.25@2.50; per bu; Duchesse, \$1@1.10 per bu and \$2.50@3.50 per bbl.

Tomatoes—Canadian, 75¢@80¢ per basket.

Cabbage—Home-grown, \$1.25@1.50 per bbl.

Green Corn—Home-grown, \$1@1.10 per sack.

Potatoes—Virginia Red Star, \$2.05@2.75 per bbl.

Onions—Indiana, \$2@2.25 per 100-lb sack; Spanish, \$1.75@2 per crate; Dressed Calves—Fancy, 14¢@15¢; common, 10¢@11¢ per lb.

Live Poultry—Broilers, 18¢@19¢ per lb.; heavy hens, 15¢@16¢; medium hens, 14¢; No. 2 hens, 10¢@12¢; old roosters, 11¢; ducks, 14¢@15¢; young ducks, 15¢@16¢; geese, 11¢@12¢; turkeys, 19¢@20¢ per lb.

Cheese—Wholesale lots: Michigan flats 14 1/4@14 1/2; New York flats, 18¢@18 1/2; brick, 15¢; Limburger, 13 1/2¢@14 1/2¢; imported Swiss, 40¢@42¢; domestic Swiss, 20¢@25¢; long horns, 17¢@18¢; daisies, 15¢@16¢ per lb.

Honey—Choice to fancy new white comb 15¢@16¢; amber, 10¢@11¢; extracted, 6¢@7¢ per lb.

Hides—No. 1 cured, 16¢; No. 1 green 15¢; No. 1 cured bulls, 13¢; No. 1 green bulls, 10¢; No. 1 cured veal kip 14¢; No. 1 green veal kip 14¢; No. 1 cured murrain, 13¢; No. 1 green murrain 10¢; No. 1 cured calf 11¢; No. 1 green calf 11¢; No. 1 horsehide, \$4.40; No. 2 horsehide, \$3.50; No. 2 hides 1¢ and No. 2 kip and calf 1 1/2¢ lower than the above. Sheepskins, as to amount of wool, 25¢@75¢.

And feel your thirst slip away. You'll finish refreshed, cooled, satisfied.

THE COCA-COLA CO  
ATLANTA, GA.

## HE KNEW ONLY ONE JAMAICA

Possibly in His Civic Pride Man Could Not Imagine the Possibility of Their Being Another.

A New York artist, who had just returned from Jamaica, West Indies, showed in his studio some paintings of Jamaica scenery.

One day a man who had been strolling through the studio stopped before a certain picture and said: "What is this?"

"A scene in Jamaica," said the artist.

"Jamaica?" repeated the visitor. "That's strange. I don't remember ever seeing anything like that in Jamaica."

"You have been there then?" asked the artist.

"I live there."

"Then surely you must be acquainted with this place. It is a street scene in the principal town of the island."

The man from Jamaica looked at the artist for a moment as if he thought he must be daft. Then he said:

"I live in Jamaica, and there isn't a street in the town that bears the slightest resemblance to that picture."

"The mention of Jamaica as a town cleared away the mist."

"I see," said the artist, "you live in Jamaica, Li I."

"Sure," said the other. "Is there another Jamaica anywhere?"

## FACE FULL OF PIMPLES

4240 So. California Ave., Chicago, Ill. "About a year ago my face was full of pimples and red spots. To sleep one night without itching was almost impossible. Some of the pimples would get big and red and if I touched them they would pain, while others would get white heads on them and when they broke open some matter came out. They would burn and itch and I scratched them so that sometimes they would break and bleed. That always caused them to be worse."

"I bought all kinds of salves and creams and I found out that they did me no good. I noticed the Cuticura Soap and Ointment advertisement and I sent for a free sample. I went to the drug store and bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and some Cuticura Ointment and I found the pimples were drying out. In two months I was well." (Signed) Chas. J. Peck, May 7, 1914.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

The Pilgrim.

Alfred Noyes, the exponent of "paying poetry," told a good story at Princeton.

"One morning," he said, "my work was interrupted by a westerner. He rushed in on me enthusiastically. He bruised my hand with the power of his cordial clasp. He made me sit down and write my name 50 times on a sheet of foolscap that he drew from his pocket—he wanted to distribute, he explained, my autograph among all his friends. He even urged me to write a poem for him—to dash a poem off while he looked on. This falling, he would not go till I had read him a good half-dozen selections from my works."

Mr. Noyes sighed.

"And all the time," he ended, "the duffer called me Boyes."

As He Saw It.

Mr. William H. Maxwell, superintendent of New York's public schools, quotes with no little zest a composition, based on a moving picture play, that a boy of ten wrote. The best paragraph ran:

"The villain curled his mustash, and seeing the pure virgin shreeks ha ha he mine or deaths blue is on my head this dagger stabs thee to thy utermost sole ha ha vengeance vengeance. But the good hero kurses and says O heavens hovins stur one step and thy dead body lies at my door. May one parm on the virgins korps and it was better if you was drowned with a millstone. Avarnt avarnt from this sweet korpses presunz."—Youth's Companion.

Lucky Men!

One morning two men who chanced to meet at the club were talking of a young fellow of distinguished family. The young man had succeeded in dissipating the entire fortune left him the year before by his father.

"I'm really awfully sorry about it," said Dolan. "He must be in a bad way now."

"Yes, his affairs are in wretched shape," said Donnelly; "but just think how much poorer he would be if the old man had left him more!"

Be happy. Use Red Cross Ball Blue; wash better than liquid blue. Delights the handkerchief. All grocers. Adv.

Duty comes before pleasure. If you don't believe it, look in the dictionary.

If you want a woman to forgive your past, give her presents.

## BLACKS OPTICIANS

ESTD. 1885 DETROIT

156 WOODWARD AVE.

## WAR!

"The European War as a 'Glasnost' of the world, showing the history of each power, cause of conflict, fighting strategy and full statistics. Everybody should know these facts about the greatest war of the world. Sent complete and prepaid for 50c."

UNION SUPPLY HOUSE

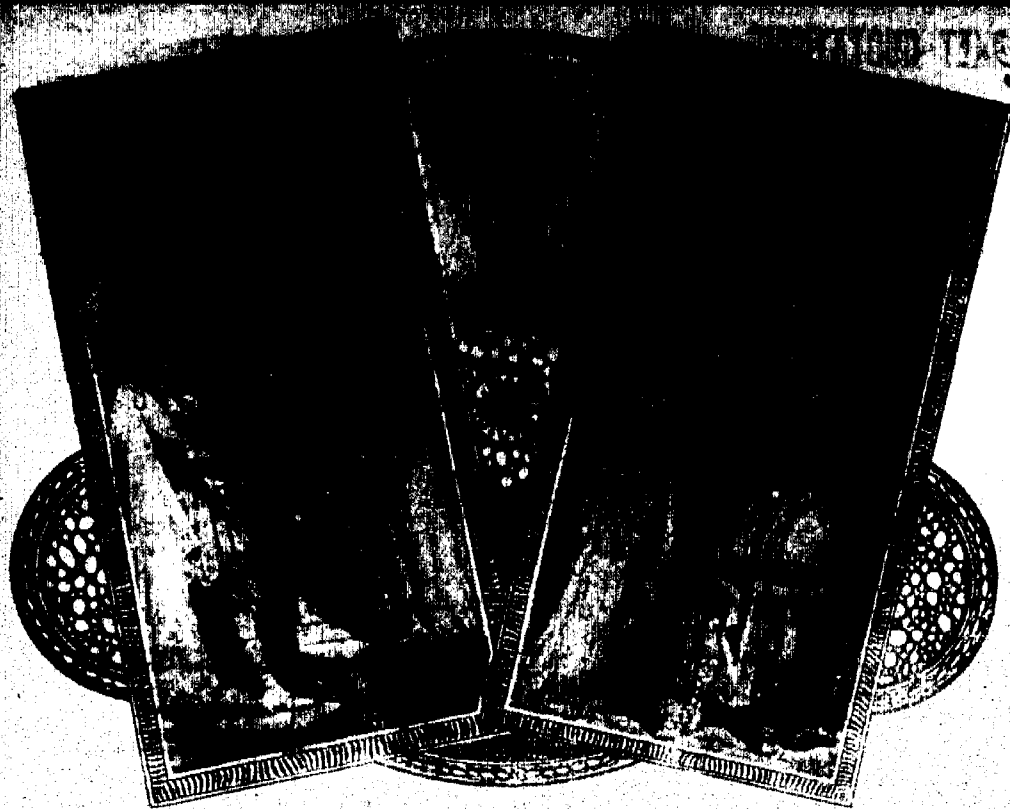
SAGINAW, MICHIGAN

## HARD TIMES TO FIGURE OUT

With Nobody Making Any Money Vacationist Could Not Understand Who Had Got His.

We called on a friend at his office, Wednesday morning, says the Cleveland Plain Dealer. The reason we called was that he had





"THE LIGHT ETERNAL," Grayling Opera House, Sept. 8, 1914.

**Not So Strange After All.**  
You may think it strange, that so many people are cured of stomach trouble by Chamberlain's Tablets. You would not, however, if you should give them a trial. They strengthen and invigorate the stomach and en-

able it to perform the functions naturally. Mrs. Rosie Rish, Wabash, Ind., writes, "Nothing did me the least good until I began using Chamberlain's Tablets. It is decidedly the best medicine for stomach trouble I have ever used." For sale by all dealers.

### BASE BALL

Continued from first page

on balls, a sacrifice and a single by Johnson.

Spencer the veteran took the firing end for the locals and with the exception of the first two innings, pitched winning ball. Kock took the hill for the Cash Register boys and although hit hard, managed to keep the locals from hitting whenever there were men on the bases. Both teams managed to annex eight hits.

The visitors were the first to score and they added four in the first inning on three singles, an error and a base on balls. In the second they added two more on two singles and a two base hit. The game here looked bad for the home boys, but in the third inning they came back with two runs on a base on balls, two singles and an error. In the second they were able to add two more on a wild pitch, a single and a couple of errors. In the sixth the home boys added another and they were only one behind, but in the seventh they tallied again, and the game was a tie, with both pitchers going at top speed. Neither team scored again until the ninth, when Spencer got a life on balls, was helped along by a pretty bunt by Hodge and came home when Johnson hit a single over the first base.

#### NOTES OF THE GAME.

Mooney played a good game in center for the visitors.  
A rain made the game a little late in starting.  
Pretty small crowd for Sunday.  
Gaylord is here today with a fast bunch.  
Williams for the visitors had 16 put outs without an error.

Saginaw:	AB R H O A E
Dendevitz 3rd.	5 1 1 0 2 0
Miller 1st.	4 1 0 1 2 1
Rice 1st.	4 2 2 1 1 0
Osterbeck 2nd.	3 1 2 1 5 1
Edwards	3 0 0 16 0 0
Williams 1st.	3 0 0 16 0 0
Mooney c.f.	4 0 1 3 0 0
Hickey r.f.	4 0 0 0 0 0
Kock p.	4 0 2 1 7 1
Total	34 6 8 25 19 4
Grayling:	AB R H O A E
Hodge r.f.	3 1 0 0 0 0
Johnson 1st.	4 2 1 11 0 0
Creech c.	3 1 2 10 4 1
Funk 3rd.	4 0 2 2 1 0
Haire 1st.	4 0 0 1 0 1
Letzkus c.f.	4 0 0 1 0 3
Toranzo 2nd.	4 2 2 1 3 0
Williams s.s.	3 0 1 1 2 1
Spencer p.	3 1 0 1 3 0
Total	31 7 8 27 13 4
Grayling:	123456789R
Saginaw:	2200011017
	4200000006

Two base hits: Toranzo, Funk, Rice, Osterbeck, Kock.  
Struck out: Spencer 11, Kock 4.  
Bases on balls: Spencer 3, Kock 3.  
Sacrifice hits: Edwards, Williams, Hodge, Haire, Williams.  
Stolen bases: Dendevitz, Toranzo.

#### The Twenty Year Test.

"Some twenty years ago I used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," writes Geo. W. Bruck, publisher of the Enterprise, Aberdeen, Md. "I discovered that it was a quick and safe cure for diarrhoea. Since then no one can sell me anything said to be 'just as good.' During all these years I have used it and recommended it many times, and it has never disappointed anyone." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

### HUMPHREYS' Witch Hazel Oil

(COMPOUND)  
For Piles or Hemorrhoids, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding, Itching or Burning. One application brings relief. Two sizes, 25c. and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed.

Send Free Sample of Oil to

Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., 188 William St., New York.

### Sick Animals

The treatment of diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs and Poultry, is given in Dr. Humphreys' Veterinary Manual, mailed free. Humphreys' Veterinary Remedies, 280 William St., New York.

## GRAYLING HIGH SCHOOL COURSE OF STUDY

FIRST SEMESTER		SECOND SEMESTER	
REQUIRED	ELECTIVE	REQUIRED	ELECTIVE
<b>FIRST YEAR</b> English Algebra I Ancient History Penmanship	Latin I Agriculture	English Algebra I Algebra II Ancient History Penmanship	Latin I Botany
<b>SECOND YEAR</b> Rhetoric Algebra II Algebra III Modern History Penmanship	Latin II Physical Geography	Rhetoric Plane Geometry Modern History Penmanship	Latin II Physical Geography
<b>THIRD YEAR</b> English Literature Plane Geometry Penmanship	German I Chemistry	English Literature Penmanship	German I Chemistry Solid Geometry
<b>FOURTH YEAR</b> Physics U. S. History Penmanship	American Literature German II Arithmetic Typewriting	Physics Civics Penmanship	American Literature German II Reviews College Algebra Typewriting

\*A Beginning Class in Each Semester.

### Correspondence

#### Maple Forest News.

**DELAID LETTER**  
Mrs. Chas. Amos arrived from Detroit on Wednesday morning to visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Morency. On her way home she stopped at Frederic, being met at the train by many of her friends, who were all pleased to see her. Mr. and Mrs. Haines and Mrs. Lamen took her to her home in their new car.

Miss Rosa Morency went to Frederic Sunday morning to take a position as "hello" girl in the telephone office.

Miss Amelia Morency is working for Mrs. J. K. Kuibbs, who has two very sick children.

A jolly bunch went fishing on the north branch last week, near dam 4. They also went to pick huckleberries. The reports are that they had a jolly time, as James Murphy was superintendent.

Everybody has been busy fighting forest fires around and in Maple Forest.

Mrs. Morency says she will be glad to make her trips to Grayling and see her old customers again.

Mrs. Will Johnson returned from Detroit last week and they expect to make this their home hereafter.

Chester Smith is running James Kuibbs' binder here in the neighborhood and is doing fine work.

Howard Smith and Albert Murphy have been breaking a wild and woolly horse, but they say they have his goat.

Mrs. R. Edmonds visited at the home of Mrs. Wm. Woodburn last Wednesday.

A fine time was had and a large crowd attended the dance at Wm. Bingham's, Aug. 15th.

Lots of rain makes every farmer smile.

Threshing is next on the program. Merrill Sherman is at Alba making his new machine hum. Albert Charon is busy threshing in Maple Forest at present, while Feldhauser brothers are at Lovells threshing grain and baling hay.

Archie House and Geo. Gilbert made an auto trip to Bay City Wednesday.

Fire which broke its way from Robinson's mill ground on the 9th caused everyone to meet at James Murphy's to fight the saucy things from his oat field and buildings.

Feldhauser Bros. have purchased two new Ford cars. Louis Dellaire bought one and it is to be hoped more will be bought in the near future.

Mrs. John Malco has returned home after a three weeks' visit with her son, C. B. Thompson of Grand Rapids.

Mrs. H. S. Buck is visiting friends at Hardgrove.

Charles Alger was at Houghton Lake resorting for a couple of weeks. On his way home he spent two days in Grayling.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Howae visited at Wm. Woodburn's last Sunday.

Mrs. Ed. Chalker had the pleasure of shaking hands with a number of friends last Sunday.

A crowd of farmers spent Saturday at the picnic, where a fine time was had by all.

Mr. and Mrs. James Thompson visited at the home of Gilbert Vallad last Sunday.

Conrad Howae visited at John Malco's and Archie Howae's last Sunday and a nice visit was had by all.

Geo. Gilbert got a fine catch of fish last Sunday from Fare Lake.

Charles Alger landed a 14-pound pickerel last Wednesday and two smaller ones, while Albert Vallad caught one 7-pound fish. All were caught in one hour.

Apple picking is the work of the day at the Ward farm. It will last until the snow comes this year.

T. Sheridan and son was in this part of the country one day last week. They were on their way to their home at Johannesburg.

Mr. and Mrs. James Murphy spent a few days outing at Loon Lake, where they caught some fine fish.

Mr. Follett Hoyt from the south part of the state, who spent a few days visiting friends, returned to his home Saturday.

Farming is an old as the human race and is yet in its infancy.

#### Lovella.

Miss Leelah Klotz is working at the home of Mrs. Walter Dodge.

Miss Nada Lee was a Lewiston caller Wednesday.

Miss Angie Thompson is visiting her parents in Lewiston.

Mrs. Clarence Stillwagon returned to her home here Tuesday last, after picking raspberries in Frederic.

Miss Ruth Shepherd of Saginaw returned to her home Saturday, after visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jean Parker.

A baby girl weighing eight and one-half pounds was born to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Brown Thursday last.

Ben Boutell, who has been in the Ann Arbor hospital for some time, returned home Monday.

A party of young people enjoyed a dancing party at Lewiston last Friday.

Mrs. Ira Johnston is visiting relatives in West Branch.

#### PROBATE NOTICE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN.  
The Probate Court for the County of Crawford.

At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling in said County, on the fourth day of August, A. D. 1914.

Present: Hon. Wellington Batterson, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of John C. McDonnell, deceased.

It is ordered that the eighth day of September, A. D. 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, once each week for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Crawford Avalanche, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

A true copy.  
WELLINGTON BATTERSON,  
Judge of Probate.

The Case of L. L. Cantelou.  
The case of L. L. Cantelou, Clarendon, Texas, is similar to that of many others who have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

He says, "After trying a doctor for several months, using different kinds of medicine for my wife who had been troubled with severe bowel complaint for several months, I bought a 25c bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. After using the second bottle she was entirely cured." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

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W. N. Roach, Jr.,  
Attorney and Counselor at Law,  
Mechanical and Electrical Expert,  
McGill Building, Washington, D. C.

## Manistee & N. E. R. R.

### Time Card

In effect Sept. 28, 1913.

Read Down.		Read Up.	
A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
16.00	12.25	iv Grayling ar	12.10
12.30	12.30	iv Resort	12.30
6.54	1.02	iv Bigma	1.15
8.21	1.28	iv Rowley	1.28
9.20	4.00	iv Walton	12.20
11.13	4.35	iv Buckley	11.02
	4.50	iv Glenbury	10.39
	5.18	iv Rvr Brch	
	5.25	iv Kaleva	9.45
	5.35	iv Chief lake	9.45
	5.42	iv Norwalk	9.35
	6.12	iv Manistee	9.15
		A. M.	
17.35	14.25	iv Manistee ar	12.10
8.21	5.08	iv Kaleva	11.23
	5.18	iv Rvr Brch	
	5.25	iv Copemich	10.40
	5.42	iv Neaseon Cy	11.00
	6.10	iv Platte Rvr	10.17
	6.15	iv Lake Ann	10.11
	6.30	iv Solon	9.48
	6.36	iv Fouch	9.42
	6.50	iv Traverac	9.30
		A. M.	

† Daily, except Sunday.

**GLEN SMITH,**  
Attorney and Solicitor,  
GRAYLING, MICH.  
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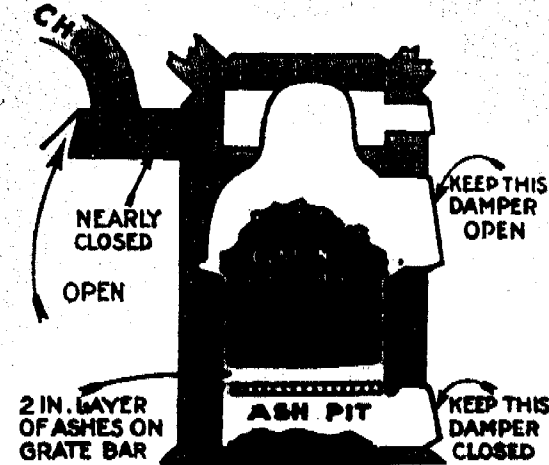
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